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1940 Austin "8" Saloon	\$2,200	
1940 Hillman Minx Saloon	\$3,400	

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BRITAIN'S LEADER, 1940 STUDY



The Right Hon. Winston Leonard Spencer Churchill, C.M., M.P., Prime Minister of Great Britain.

This is the man who leads Britain to-day. One of his many hats on his head, cigar between smiling lips, Tommy-gum under his arm. Picture of the Premier was taken on a tour of coastal fortifications and defence works in the North-East of England.

RAIDER MACHINE-GUNS LONDON TRAIN: THREE CASUALTIES REPORTED

A TRAIN WHICH HAD LEFT EUSTON STATION SHORTLY AFTER MIDDAY YESTERDAY WAS MACHINE-GUNNED BY A GERMAN RAIDER WHILE PASSING THROUGH A SMALL MIDLANDS TOWN, ACCORDING TO A "REUTER" REPORT, QUOTING THE OFFICIAL AIR MINISTRY COMMUNIQUE.

The train stopped a few miles further on after the machine-gunning; but as the three injured people were not seriously hurt, they were taken on to the next large station to receive hospital treatment.

The dining car of the train was damaged, but the bombs dropped did no damage.

Few Raiders Penetrate Defences

London Receives Three Visits

LONDON, Oct. 3 (UP).—There were three German bombing raids on London up to 4 p.m. to-day. Dodging through the rain clouds, they encountered anti-aircraft barrages but dropped some bombs.

It is officially stated that single German bombers made widespread attacks on England throughout the day, bombing a number of London boroughs in the Thames Valley, Essex, Kent, Cornwall and the midlands.

Raids in Rain

The intermittent barrages in the London area during the third alarm was reminiscent of the night raids which were heightened owing to the overcast skies, the mist and rain causing a near blackout with the lights blazing in offices and stores.

Traffic, however, was circulating almost normally and numerous streetcars were on the streets.

The east London barrage was described as being very heavy at night time. It is reported that planes were heard passing over the district every few minutes. Low flying planes were heard over central London.

German Claims

BERLIN, Oct. 3 (UP).—Informed circles said the weather over the English Channel to-day was excellent for German attacks on England, in addition to mass formation raids on London. One successful surprise attack was made on an aerodrome in central England.

The official news agency said that several Dornier-17s raided an airport in mid-England where many planes were on the ground. A number of Spitfires were damaged or destroyed.

At 9 p.m. the official news agency said that over 200 German bombers attacked London in waves during the day and dropped 150,000 kilograms of bombs. Tremendous fire was observed at the different points. The attacks and air battles are continuing.

Hamburg FACTORY SMASHED

Nocturnal Visit Of R.A.F.

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—The Royal Air Force's special objective during their activities over extensive areas of Germany, and aerodromes and bases in Holland, Belgium and France, was Hamburg.

A large oil factory and storage tank there was subjected to nearly two hours of intensive bombardment by relays of heavy bombers.

Score Direct Hits

It was shortly after 10 p.m. when the first raiders scored direct hits on the target and started four separate fires which spread and merged into one.

From then, target-finding was easy for the continuous succession of bombers which unloaded high explosives in the centre of the target area.

Later a second fire started and in the words of the Air Ministry news service, "both fires were still burning strongly, sending great clouds of black smoke billowing across the River Elbe, as the last of the attacking forces turned for home."

"TIMES" DISCUSSES FAR EAST SITUATION

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—The "Times" in a leader to-day discusses the case of Japan in relation to the new tripartite pact.

It says: "While the motives of Nazi diplomacy are transparent, reflection has done little to elucidate the question of what Japan can have hoped to gain from a closer association with the Axis."

"Japanese statesmen have no doubt found it plausible to argue that if Germany defeated Britain and immobilized the United States by threat of intervention in the Americas, Japan would remain undisputed master of the Pacific."

Russia Won't Commit Herself To Japan

MOSCOW, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—The Soviets have not announced their willingness to enter a Non-Aggression Pact with Japan on condition that China is split up into two spheres of influence, and that the Soviet Union is to be given a free hand in Manchuria.

The Soviet Foreign Minister, Mr. Molotov, stated:

"August there was goodwill on both sides."

Insignificant Raids

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—An Air Ministry communiqué, reviewing the attacks on the United Kingdom from reports received up to 4 p.m., says that several houses were demolished in the London boroughs, but it is not expected that casualties will be heavy.

Bombs were dropped at various points in the Thames Valley, Essex, Kent and Cornwall but no serious damage and no fatal casualties are reported in any of these districts.

"A number of casualties, including a few fatal injuries, were caused in a city in the Midlands and in another small Midland town, where a number of houses were demolished, but little other damage is reported.

"A train was machine-gunned and a few persons were slightly injured."

"A single enemy plane was shot down in an attack on a town in the home counties, where a number of persons were killed and seriously injured by bombs and machine gun bullets."

Kept Very High

The German air force went "night raiding over England to-day in the first gloom of Britain's autumn."

Single aircraft kept the defences in south-east England and the home counties on the qui vive most of the day but for the most part they remained above the murky clouds and carried out random bombing in which some London boroughs suffered superficial damage.

Anti-aircraft batteries were active and in the East London district, where planes were reported overhead for a short time, the barrage was an heavy as night gunfire."

Purchase Tax In Britain

Starting This Month

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—The Purchase Tax will come into operation on October 21.

The Treasury has made an order to this effect which will be submitted to Parliament for approval in accordance with the terms of the Finance Act.

All taxable goods which are delivered under chargeable purchases after date, will be subject to tax.

The Purchase Tax, which was the surprise of the second War Budget in April, is a tax on sales. It will be charged by wholesalers to retailers and will mean that everyday articles such as household goods, clothes and drapery will cost more. The heaviest scale of the tax will be borne by luxuries.

Its purpose is to limit home expenditure with a view to avoiding the risk of inflation. It will be worked on a percentage basis.

SYRIA PINCHED Running Short Of Foods And Fuel

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—A Beirut message reports a serious shortage of food in Syria.

All over the country people are queuing up for bread, flour and other rations.

There is a petrol shortage too. Private cars have been ordered off the roads during the month of October. Taxis have had their allowance cut down to 24 gallons a month.

Aaland Is. Pact Signed

HELSINKI, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—The U.S.S.R. and Finland have signed a treaty concerning the demilitarization and neutrality of the Aaland Islands on the lines of the 1920 convention. Negotiations concerning the islands concluded satisfactorily after

Uncompliant Norwegians

Nazis Thwarted

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—The recently-instituted Nazi "new order" in Norway is being accorded an icy reception by the general public, according to the Norwegian telegraphic agency.

The agency cites an article in the Norwegian Nazi organ, "Frontline," threatening opponents of the movement.

The paper states that there are reports that terrorising is going on, especially of business circles in Oslo. It warns those concerned that assistance will be given to supporters of the Nazi Party.

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Broadcast by Z. B. W. on a frequency of 845 k.c. and on short wave from 2.15-3 and 8-11 p.m. on 0.62 m.c.s. per sec.

12.15 p.m. Short Service of Intercession.

12.30 The Ballyhooligans.

12.40 Glenn Miller and his Orchestra.

1.00 Local Time Signal and Weather Report.

1.02 R. B. C. Recording—"London".

1.30 Reuter and Rugby Press, Weather Forecast and Announcements.

1.45 Variety with Flotsam and Jetsam.

2.15 Close Down.

6.00 Dance Music.

6.32 Closing Local Stock Quotations.

6.45 Two of Charlie Kunz' Piano Medleys.

6.45 London Relay—"Melody Match"—A Competition.

7.15 Boston Promenade Orchestra.

7.30 London Relay—"The News".

8.00 Local Time Signal, Weather Report and Announcements.

8.02 Studio—a talk by "Eeyore" on the Competition held in the Hongkong Radio Review during September on "Cautionary Tales".

8.25 Rossi—Merchant of Venice.

Suite, London Palladium Orchestra.

8.42 A Recital by Feuermann ("Cello").

9.00 London Relay—"The News".

9.30 London Relay—"World Affairs".

9.45 A Classical Request Programme.

11.00 Close Down.

JAPANESE ARMY HEAD

General Sugiyama's New Post

Tokyo, Oct. 3.

Field-Marshal Prince Kotohito Kanin has been replaced as Chief of the Army General Staff and also Chief of the Army Staff of the Imperial General Headquarters, by General Gen Sugiyama, Member of the Supreme War Council. The War Office announced this morning.

General Sugiyama, who served as War Minister in the Cabinet of General Senjuro Hayashi in 1937 and the first Konoye Cabinet from the time of its formation on June 4, 1937, to June, 1938, later became the Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese Expeditionary Force to North China. General Sugiyama previously served as the Military Attaché to the Japanese Embassy at Paris, and as a member of the permanent Japanese delegation to the League of Nations.

Investiture Held.

The investiture of General Sugiyama as Chief of the Army General Staff was personally conducted by the Emperor this morning. His Majesty has granted a Receipt to General Sugiyama.

His Majesty later received in audience Field-Marshal Prince Kanin, whom he thanked for services lasting eight years, ten months. Prince Kanin was also received in audience by Her Majesty the Empress, who also thanked him and engaged him in conversation.

It is understood that Their Majesties have made a sumptuous gift to the retiring Chief of the Army General Staff who will remain on the Marshal's Board as the eldest member of the Army on active duty.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

DONATIONS TO FUND FOR BRITISH BOMBERS

A total of \$1,355,730.00 was reached yesterday in the War Fund inaugurated by S. C. M. Post, Ltd. The latest donations are:

Mrs. W. Morrison, Stanley, \$25
Stenographer, Clerks, further donation) \$10

Stenographers, Clerks, further donation) \$10

Meat Dept. of Supreme Court (4th donation) \$25

Cust. Govt. Wright (4th donation) \$25

Mr. A. Lee, ... \$100

Mr. H. Hinde, ... \$100

Collection of diverse persons \$100

LONDON AIR RAID VICTIMS

The Society of St. Vincent de Paul acknowledge receipt of the following contributions to the Fund for relief of victims of the air raid on London:

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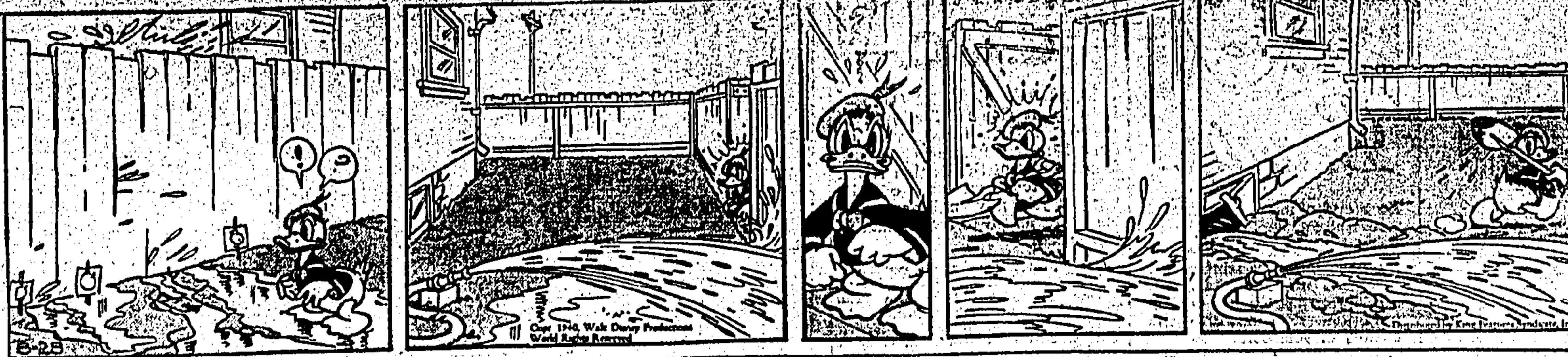
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MAGAZINE PAGE

THE BATTLE FOR HOLLAND

Another instalment of the official Dutch account

Wireless reports revealed that the Commander of the German forces in Rotterdam had the order to take the city on the fifth day at any price.

The German general, whose armoured columns, proceeding through North Brabant and across the Moerdijk, had already reached Rotterdam, then resorted to a ruthless air bombardment of this open city. Reference to the plan of Rotterdam included in this account will give some idea of this inhuman bombardment. The city, which had not been evacuated, was visited by two squadrons of 27 aeroplanes each, dropping high explosive bombs of approximately 500 kilograms. It was not until the evening, that the situation of the gallant Dutch troops became untenable, and since the last lines of defence of the fortress Holland had also been breached, there was nothing to do but to ask for negotiations for an armistice.

Round Dordrecht, also, where both parties sustained heavy losses during the fighting, had to be stopped when the armoured units already mentioned, joined in the battle, in co-operation with the German air force. At this juncture the fate of the line of communications had been sealed and the way of escape for the Dutch army had been blocked.

The Fighting On The Frontier And in the Main Defensive Positions

Before going into a detailed account of the resistance against the enemy it must be pointed out how the bewildering speed of the German attack played havoc with our communications. Information which would have given a clear picture of the struggle could not be transmitted, and as the result the course of the battle in this part of the country is much more confused than that of the centre.

The Struggle For The Northern Access To The Fortress Holland

As soon as the German forces crossed the frontier in the extreme north the harbour works of Delfzijl were demolished, and the harbour entrance and the locks were blocked. These demolitions were fully carried out in the face of heavy German attacks. After completing this work the Dutch forces made an orderly retreat in the direction of the Zuidzeedijk in the late afternoon of May the tenth, joining these units commanded by the provincial commander of Friesland who had fought a delaying action in Groningen and Friesland. Together they crossed the Zuidzeedijk in the night of May the tenth and were subsequently reorganized in the defensive position of Den Helder. The German attack on the eastern bridgehead of the Zuidzeedijk, situated in Friesland, took place on the following day. The defences of this bridgehead had been constructed during mobilisation, and were protected mainly by a belt of fortifications. The overwhelming action of the German aircraft enabled the enemy to break through the inundations into the access on the same side of the Grebbe line from the frontier. On Sunday the 12th he began his assault on the access through the inundations into the access on the same side of the Grebbe line, near Rhenen. Countless low flying planes machine-gunned the troops, considerably affecting their morale. They were followed by flame-throwing and other tanks. In the course of this attack the Grebbe line was

German infantry attempted to storm the position. This attack was completely repulsed. Another unsuccessful attack was made on the following day. The Dutch forces received active support from the gunboat John Maurits van Nassau, which had meanwhile arrived from Hook of Holland. This ship, anchored east of Den Helder, silenced a German battery on the eastern bridgehead of the dyke, at 10 kilometers distance. The range was telephoned from the fortified position on Kornwerderzand to Den Helder, whence it was wireless to the warship, thus directing its fire. Owing to the foggy weather the German airforce never located the gunboat, and the enemy probably never found out whence its battery was situated.

The fortified position of the Kornwerderzand, therefore, remained unshaken, until as a result of the military development in the south, further resistance had become useless. The successful defence of the Zuiderzeedijk shows that a casemate with a sufficiently strong concrete protection can withstand the heaviest bombardment, including special antiaircraft shells.

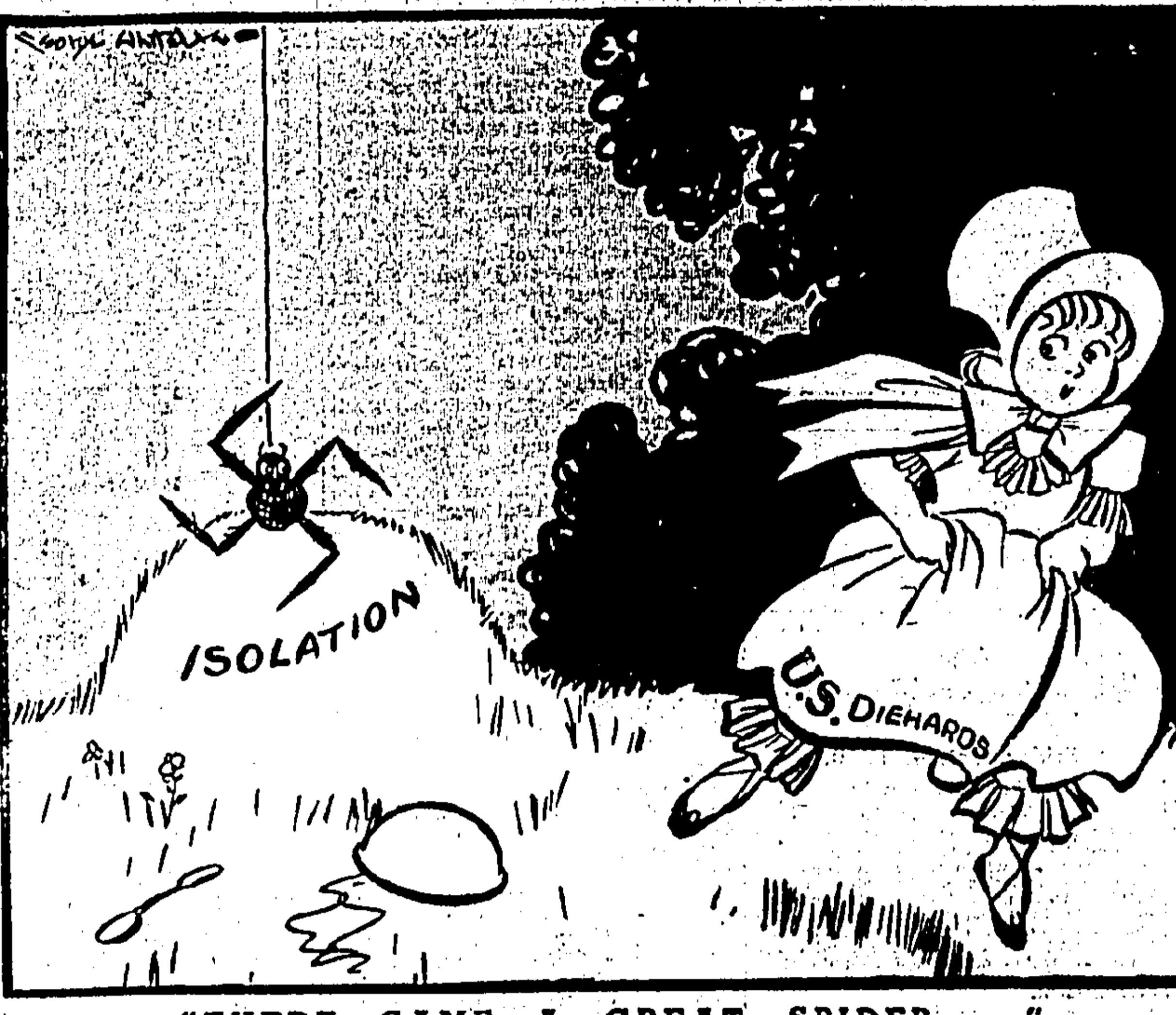
When the Germans found that they were unable to break the resistance of Kornwerderzand they soon appeared in the little harbours on the eastern shore of the Zuiderzee, where they prepared for the transport of troops across the water to the province of North Holland. Since troops were no longer available to welcome the Germans on the other coast naval forces had to be concentrated on the Zuiderzee in all haste. One torpedo boat, 3 gunboats and 2 minesweepers joined an old river gunboat and a number of motor-boats armed with machine-guns already there. On the request of the Dutch authorities they were reinforced by French and British motor torpedo boats, some of which reached the Zuiderzee by the Noordzeekanaal, while others entered via the locks. This happened on the night of May the 12th.

Meanwhile the Dutch naval forces had concentrated their fire especially on the harbour of Stavoren where they sank a ferryboat. The German airforce, however, caused some loss to us. H.M. Friso, a gunboat, was sunk and H.M. Frisko, another gunboat, lost its rudder and propellers damaged. It made for the harbour of Enkhuizen and there continued to function as a battery. Thanks to the timely concentration of naval forces in the Zuiderzee the German attempts to cross the water in order to land on the open coast of North Holland had been frustrated.

The Attack On the Fortress Holland South Of The Zuiderzee And North Of The Big Rivers

The German army, crossing the Dutch frontier along its entire length, advanced with powerful forces into Overijssel and the Achterhoek on the first day of the invasion. They met the resistance of the so-called frontier battalions, which, in accordance with their instructions and their limited numbers fought not more than a delaying action. At the Yssel line, which was merely an obstacle against strategic surprises and was only thinly held, the enemy was retarded in his advance towards the Grebbe line as a result of this resistance of frontier battalions and the demolition of bridges and roads the enemy was unable to bring up sufficient troops for an attack on the Grebbe line until the 12th of May. There, in spite of his overwhelming superiority in numbers and the heavier equipment of the attacking forces, the line could no longer be held and had to be evacuated. This retreat, however, could be effected without any obstruction or pursuit by the enemy, a clear indication how the Germans had exhausted themselves in this attack.

The main reason for this serious



WILL FRANCE HAVE A KING?

IF Hitler puts as much faith in the predictions of astrologers as he is reputed to do, he must regard the activities of the French Pretender, the Comte de Paris, with uneasiness, for several French astrologers, including Nostradamus, have predicted that a young king will rise again to lead France from a great defeat by the Germans to final victory which will end the reign of the Eagle and disperse the German empire for ever.

Many people interpret the prophecies as relating to the Comte de Paris, and past events seem to fix the advent of the royal saviour of France for the present period, for he was to rise up after the streets of France had run with blood as far South as Macon and after the country had been ravaged by a terrible famine such as is predicted for the coming winter. He is to be helped in his task of restoring French prestige by an army which will come to his aid through Switzerland.

However much truth there may be in these prophecies, which have been frequently quoted in France, even when the predictions of defeat seemed utterly false, it is certain that the Pretender has had a larger following during the last few years when France has been searching for a leader who could replace Clemenceau.

The Count is described by his followers as the heir of forty Kings who ruled over France for a thousand years.

He married the Princess Isabelle of Orleans Brazanzo in 1931, and of this marriage he has several children.

He was exiled from France some years ago and has been residing in Belgium. Aged 34 at the outbreak of war, he asked permission to fight with the French forces, but this request was refused.

He is reputed to have returned from Brazil, where he went a few weeks ago, and to be living near Vichy, from where he has sent the Comte de Lusignan, one of his lieutenants, to London as a propaganda agent to prepare the way for the restoration of the French Monarchy.

The Monarchist element in France is strong, and most loyal Republicans have a dim regret that a Monarchy and Republican principles cannot be reconciled.

He does not want a Court which was the complete absence on our side of any aeroplanes, as the Dutch airforce had been completely destroyed in the fighting and on the ground. The German airforce, therefore, met no opposition in carrying out its work of destruction, and the Dutch forces had to retire behind the New Dutch Waterline, forming the eastern front of the fortress Holland. It is obvious that when an army has been thrown back on a new position from which it wants to resume the fighting it requires sometime to reorganise itself, and therefore to find the new position already occupied by another force.

His claim to the throne is based on his descent from the Spanish Monarchs, and his claim to the political stability of which he has lacked, and which has been one of the causes of the downfall of the

of Louis XIV. Philip II. married a natural daughter of that King, so making the Princes of Orleans direct descendants of the Grand Monarch.

The Orleanist branch of the French Bourbons has provided the head of the House of France since 1883, when Henry Charles, duc de Bordeaux, died without issue.

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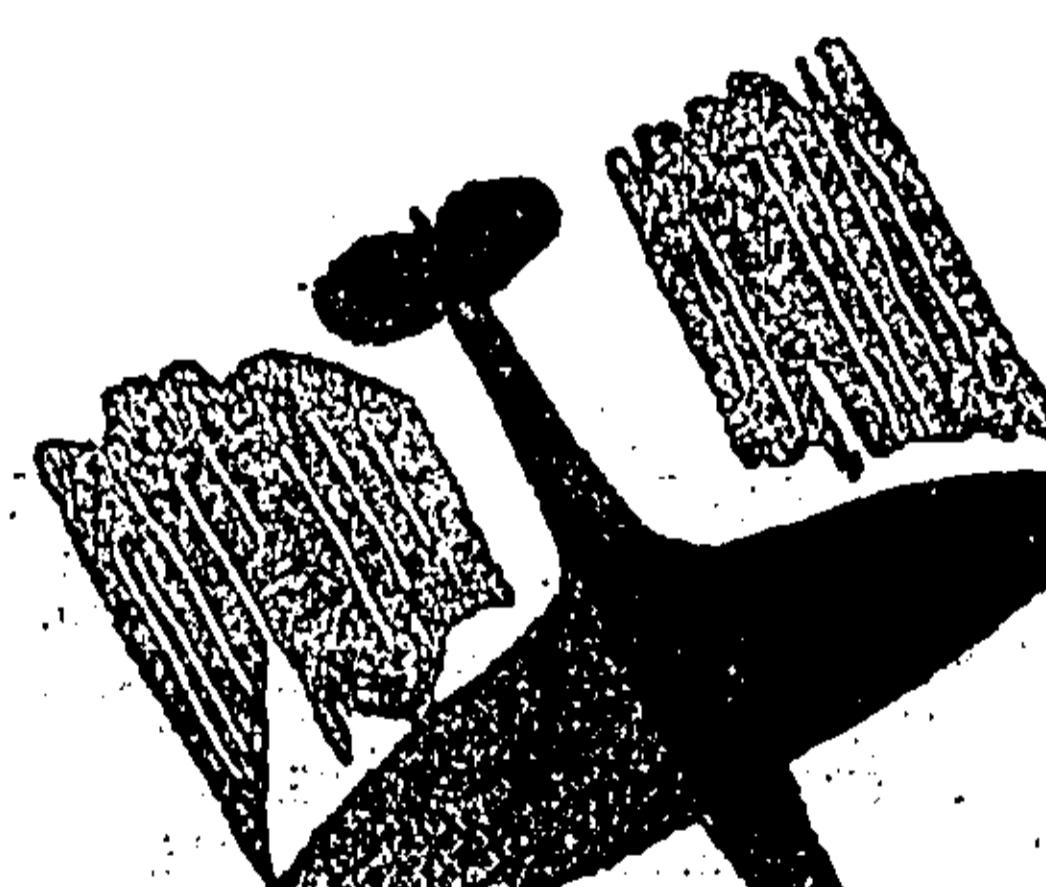
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THREAT OR BLUFF?

THE "Asahi Shim bun," whose influence in Japan is akin to that of the "Times" in England, and whose opinions can therefore reasonably be taken as expressing the official view, has seen fit to come into the open and offer an unequivocal challenge to Britain and the United States. "If," says the paper, "the United States and Britain should ban exports of oil, rubber and tin to Japan, the latter would choose an all-or-nothing struggle rather than a waiting death." Making due allowance for editorial rhetoric, the comment may be accepted as the sentiment of the Tokyo Government. Recognising too that the "Asahi Shim bun" is anticipating events, for as yet neither the United States nor Britain has officially proposed an embargo on oil, rubber or tin, it is reasonable to believe that the newspaper is not introducing a hypothetical proposition for the sake of filling its editorial columns; which suggests that the observation quoted is to be taken seriously both in Japan and in other parts of the world.

Nevertheless, Japan has bluffed her way against the democracies so successfully for the last nine years, that we cannot help feeling this newspaper "threat" is but another example of her poker technique. Equally do we feel confident that if a situation should arise such as envisaged by the "Asahi Shim bun," neither Britain nor the United States would hesitate this time to call Japan's bluff. The first hand of this new poker game will probably be dealt on October 16, when President Roosevelt's embargo on scrap-iron and other war materials comes into effect. It should provide an excellent pointer to the rest of the session, especially as the second hand is due to be dealt the following day, when the Burma Road agreement expires. Opponents of America should take cognisance of the fact that poker is practically a national game in the United States, and it would be a very

BRITAIN'S C.-in-C.

LONDON, Oct. 1 (UP)—Lieutenant General Sir Alan F. Brooke, K.C.B., D.S.O., who on July 19, 1940 became Commander-in-Chief of the British Home Forces, took on one of the biggest jobs any military man was ever asked to accomplish at top speed.

London newspapers, always eager to find a nickname for their military heroes, promptly dubbed him "The Wizard" because of his reputation as a gunnery and mechanization expert. The task he took over from General Sir Edmund Ironside, was one which demanded many of a wizard's attributes.

General Brooke took over an armed land force of 3,500,000 men, which at the time was increasing by 7,000 daily. In addition he assumed ultimate command of 1,300,000 Home Guards, world war veterans, over-age civilians or men in reserved occupations, mobilized and equipped to guard against "fifth column" surprises of the attack of Nazi air borne troops.

The Army needed large-scale equipment. The nucleus, men from the B.E.F. some of whom had been under his personal command in the Flanders campaign, were again at full strength and completely armed. Factories were pouring out new weapons for the other divisions. The problem of distributing both arms and men where they would do the most good was one of the biggest which confronted the new commander-in-chief.

Tactically, General Brooke's job began in theory with the coastline, which must be defended in depth from the first positions on the beaches and cliffs through a complicated system of reserve lines and strong points. Actually, as one phase of a defence against "total war" waged in all three elements, it was necessary to integrate the Army schedule with that of the R.A.F. and Navy.

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The problem was greatly complicated by the Irish political situation, which forbade any "defence union" of north and south to enable the British forces to prepare their positions. Brooke and the High Command were faced with the constant possibility of meeting the German vanguard on a terrain where they had no advantages of detailed planning defence.

What above everything else got him his new appointment was his knowledge of gunnery, his reputation as the army's leading authority on tanks, and the fact that he had been preaching the modern war of movement at a time when, as one commentator said, "most other officers were inclined to think in terms of the horse."

Brilliant at Dunkirk

Sir Alan was born in France, July 23, 1883, member of a North Irish family known as the "fighting Brookes." He entered the Army in 1902, as a gunner officer. During the World War, in which he had four years' artillery staff service, was mentioned six times in dispatches and received the D.S.O. with bar.

His wide military experience included service in Ireland and India. He was well-known in the Army for his efficiency as Commander of the School of Artillery, and is credited with one big contribution to gunnery, the "barage map" which during the last war came into common use for direction.

As commander of the Second Corps in France, he took part in the ill-starred advance into the low countries in May, 1940. When the German break-through at Sedan and the collapse of Belgian resistance put the whole B.E.F. in jeopardy, Brooke played a major part in the rearguard action to the Dunkirk beaches. His entire corps, in the opinion of other British officers, fought brilliantly.

Sir Alan spent several days himself on the Dunkirk beaches, while the evacuation was miraculously succeeding under intense air and artillery bombardment. Returning to England, he was received by the King, to whom he gave a first-hand account of the fighting. He was knighted for his own part in the campaign.

It is ironical that Hitler should be preaching Briand's gospel of European union. But the Führer has always had the knack of stealing ideas and converting them to his own use.

He stole the idea of race purity from the Jews, the idea of a party dictatorship from the Bolsheviks. Why not the idea of federal union, from the Liberals?

The new order, as it begins to be sketched, is a Europe (with frontiers redrawn by Hitler) made up of Fascist states.

Each is to have its own Fascist Government, enjoying the full powers of a local tyranny.

Each is to be at the same time subordinate to the suzerain power in Berlin, which, in return, will guarantee it against either attack from abroad or revolt at home.

These national Fascist regimes will (to modify an old phrase) "kneel to Hitler on the necks of their countrymen."

The less discreet of the German hot-gospellers are frank enough in



THE CHANGELING

Hitler's "plan" for Europe

A WARNING

BY

W. N. EWER

Diplomatic Correspondent

as unsavable or bad worth saving at such a price, and to withdraw, once for all, into isolation.

It is cunning enough. It seems quite probable that (whether the German strategy is to be a desperate invasion or a war of attrition and nerves by sea and air) we are going to be faced by a kind of permanent peace offensive.

The theme will be continually: "Britain can have peace without sacrifice if she will just agree to leave Europe to work out its own destiny."

For American consumption, the thesis can be suitably dressed in the attractive guise of a "Monroe doctrine for Europe."

HIS OLD DODGE

It is the old familiar Hitler dodge. "Just give me this, and I shall be satisfied, and we can all be friends, and you can have lasting peace."

Appeal has grown indeed. Once all he professed to want was the Rhineland and a "new Lorraine." Now it is all Europe and a "Munich doctrine."

Goebbels French flagmen are miserably silent about Charlemagne and all that.

But they all unite in plugging the theme that the first step to European union and peace, and everything else, is to put an end to "British interference in Europe."

PEACE AT A PRICE

Here is the source of all trouble. Britain must be forced to get out of Europe and to stay out.

She may "content herself" with her own ramshackle Empire."

She must leave Europe and European reconstruction alone, to be carried out by the European States under Germany's supervision.

This—it is now repeated again and again—is the Führer's purpose in the "last phase of the war."

Britain is to be attacked by land and sea and air until battered or exhausted or weary, tired of war and despairing of victory, she agrees to acknowledge that Hitler is master of the Continent, to leave the European peoples to their fate.

But once all was quiet again in the West he could turn his attention Eastward. Indeed, he must, for the Balkans, and if possible the Ukraine and the Caucasus are essential economically to his European plan.

That hatred of Russia which fills pages of "Mein Kampf" is still there, smugly concealed for the time being.

There are odd hints here and there in this new propaganda that there are other "outsiders" than the British to be "chased out of Europe."

In short, Hitler hopes that Russia has stood by while he overran the West, we shall stand by while he overruns the East.

Then would come our turn again, with all the resources of his new conquests massed for the final struggle, which could be won if he would add mastery of the sea to the mastery of Europe, and so give the Third Reich mastery of the world.

A madman's dream, if you will. But a dream that is being translated into a deliberate and carefully planned policy.

This is the purpose behind Goebbels' new campaign to tell the world that all Germany wants is that Britain should content herself with her old Empire and leave Europe alone.

And there are invasions, consisting in magnetic bombardment and

ANTARCTIC'S OIL, COAL TREASURES

By OTTO JANSEN

(UNITED PRESS STAFF CORRESPONDENT)

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1 (UP)—Down at the "bottom" of the world in the vast, mysterious Antarctic Continent lies a huge treasure in coal and other minerals, awaiting the day when man's ingenuity or necessity will lead him to exploit it, experts here say.

Members of the United States Antarctic Expedition, who are exploring parts of the continent's 5,000,000 square miles, believe such val-

ues as petroleum, pitchblend, gold and numerous other minerals lie beneath the ice and snow of the great land mass.

Evidence of huge coal deposits—probably sufficient to supply man's needs for many decades already has been found somewhere near the South Pole. Even if it were physically possible, exploitation would be out of the question now because of the great expense involved, but someday such may not be the case, they say.

The discovery of coal, among other things, convinced explorers that Antarctica was at one time tropical or semi-tropical. Hence, they say, it is reasonable to expect that all resources of hot climate may lie hidden here.

But the continent has been ice-covered for many thousands of years and for this reason scientists find the Antarctic of tremendous interest scientifically. They say that among other things it gives a clew to what the region now comprising Canada and the northern part of the United

States was like in the glacial period.

Antarctic is also of great practical importance for the scientist. It is the "cradle" of weather for the entire Southern Hemisphere. Argentina recognized the importance of this many years ago and has a meteorological station at Laurie Island which has been making accurate long-range weather predictions for the benefit of her huge agricultural industry.

Rear Admiral Richard E. Byrd, commander of the United States expedition, took two Argentine officers—Lieutenant Julio L. Diaz and Lieutenant Emilio L. Diaz—to the Antarctic region. Two Chilean officers—Lieutenants Frederico A. Bonelli and Eugenio Rodriguez—also accompanied him.

The Antarctic has many mysteries which scientists are seeking to solve. Explorers call the continent the greatest question mark on the globe.

For example, exactly what are the spectacular Southern Lights and how do they come about?

Where do the seals and penguins go when the bitter cold Antarctic nights set in? Where do they have their food?

And there are invasions consisting in magnetic bombardment and

FOOD PIRATES

Spain Cracks Down With New Law

MADRID, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—Spain's extremely difficult food problem has been greatly worsened by many producers not selling through government channels and a widespread bootleg traffic has sprung up which is said to be sabotaging the government scheme of rationing and price control.

Bootleggers find a ready sale for sugar at three shillings per pound, lentils and rice at 18d. a pound, olive oil at seven shillings a litre, and many other staples.

One law now published provides fines from 1,000 to 500 pesetas. In addition, sentence of a year in a penal labour battalion may be imposed, and penalties apply to both buyers and sellers.

People denouncing guilty parties will receive 40 per cent. of the fines while those buying solely to denounce offenders will themselves be exempt from punishment.

CHAMBERLAIN RESIGNS

→ FROM PAGE ONE

Leadership of the three fighting services remains unshaken—an implied indication of the satisfaction which Mr. Winston Churchill feels at the way the war effort is being pushed forward.

In the enlarged War Cabinet, increased from six to eight by the inclusion of Mr. Ernest Bevin and Sir Kingsley Wood, Conservatives now outnumber the Labour members by five to three and there is still no place for the Liberals.

There is now no reason to expect any more government changes in the near future. The average age of the new War Cabinet is 59½ years, Mr. Churchill at 63 being the oldest and Mr. Bevin at 50 the youngest.

Lord Halifax: New Duties

Lord Halifax, the Foreign Secretary, will be leader of the House of Lords in place of Lord Caldecote. He will be assisted in his duties, it is announced from Downing Street to-night, by Lord Snell who will continue as Deputy Leader of the House of Lords.

VICHY VICTIMS Tried For War Guilt

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—Fifty-three witnesses in the French war-guilt trial in Riom have been heard by the Supreme Court in the last few days, according to the Lyons radio. The witnesses included Generals Weygand, Colson, Georges, Vuillemin, Blanchard and Mittelhauser and M. Georges Bonnet, the former Foreign Minister.

M. Guy La Chambre, former Air Minister, M. Daigler, the former Premier, and General Gamelin, the former Allied Generalissimo, were also questioned.

SPAIN WANTS TO STAY OUT

MADRID, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—Messages from Spanish sources in Berlin continue to stress the belief that Spain will take no active part in the war and for that reason, says one correspondent, some Central American countries, which are requesting President Roosevelt to intervene with General Franco and keep Spain out of war, are merely working with the current as General Franco is keeping out of his own free will.

INSIDE A "JEHOVAH'S WITNESS" MEETING CONCHIE SECT CALLS RELIGION 'A RACKET'

A SECT KNOWN AS "JEHOVAH'S WITNESSES," WHICH HAS THE SLOGAN "CHRISTIANITY IS YOUR PROTECTION. RELIGION IS A SNAG AND A RACKET," IS TAKING UP MORE AND MORE TIME OF CONSCIENTIOUS OBJECTORS' TRIBUNALS.

Judges at the tribunals have expressed themselves strongly about the sect's activities.

Judge C. J. Frankland, of the Manchester Tribunal, said recently: "I want to say publicly, with all the force I possess, that there is very grave doubt in my mind about the bona-fides of this organisation and the people it employs."

Swedish Park Bombed

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 3 (UP).—The "United Press" correspondent at Malmö reports that a heavy bomber, believed to have been British, dropped heavy bombs on the public park at 2.30 a.m., to-day causing very loud explosions, and terrifying the inhabitants.

Swedish anti-aircraft opened fire, but the bomber escaped after laying mines at Öresund, flying in the direction of Copenhagen.

INDIAN LEADER Charged In Calcutta

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—A charge under the Defence of India Regulations was promulgated at Calcutta to-day against Subhas Chandra Bose, the well-known Congress Leftist leader, according to the Delhi radio.

Bose was arrested in Calcutta in July under the Defence of India Regulations. He is one of the most prominent of the younger generation of Indian politicians and as an ex-President of Congress, is an ex-officio member of the Congress Working Committee.

Egypt Prepares Treasures Stored Away

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—Egypt is taking suitable precautions to protect and preserve her literary treasures from the dangers of air raids.

Many thousands of valuable manuscripts, ancient copies of the Koran and other sacred books are being stored away from danger in a huge cave in the hills behind the old city of Cairo.

This cave incidentally was used by the ancient Egyptians as a safe storage place in time of war.

Dictators To Meet Again

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BERLIN, Oct. 3 (UP).—It is reliably stated that Hitler will meet Mussolini at Brenner Pass to-morrow.

It is understood that Herr von Ribbentrop left Berlin by train at 6 p.m. for an unknown destination but it is assumed he went to Brenner.

More Donations For Spitfires

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—Contributions to "Spitfire Funds" continue to flow in. Among the latest contributions is £34,000 from the Nawab of Bhopal, being equivalent to the cost of a whole flight of Spitfires.

A reporter sent to investigate the activities of "Jehovah's Witnesses" (sometimes known as the International Bible Students' Association and "The Watchtower"), presented the following report:

Hall Slogans

I entered a "service" of the sect at King's Hall, the Parsonage, Manchester, and found the "witnesses" in a large, well-appointed hall ornamented by slogans.

I introduced myself, and was at once invited to write anything I pleased about the organisation so long as it was honest.

The "service" began with a hymn and a prayer followed by the reading by a Mr. Henshall, son of a newspaper reporter of the tribunal in which his son and another "witness" had taken part.

Occasionally he paused in his reading to comment on the tribunal proceedings.

The next part of the service consisted of a test of the knowledge of those present—about 28 people—regarding their association's publications.

Questions were asked also from the platform about the price per 1,000 of the organisation's pamphlets, the price of its books, how many of these books had been printed for sale in Britain, and how many for sale in Britain, and how many for sale throughout the world.

Commercial Catechism

After this strangely commercial catechism, members of the "congregation"—referred to from the platform as "brother" or "sister"—were invited to describe their experiences in selling the association's publications.

The service ended with another hymn.

As I left the room I caught sight of more slogans, queries, or texts including "What is our latest piece of literature?" "Who is without a year book?" "What is the special offer for July?" "Are you a subscriber?"

I paid a shilling for book. It was "Religion," by Judge Rutherford, published at Brooklyn, N.Y.U.S.A.

In a section headed "Defence" I came across this passage:—

"One who attempts to commit an unlawful act against another may be dealt with, and against such wrongdoing such degree of force may be used by the one assaulted as may to him appear to be necessary to protect his property or himself or kin from an assault of the wrongdoer."

NEW SPANISH LINER SAILS FOR S. AMERICA WITH ENVOY ABOARD

MADRID, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—The newly-arrived Spanish liner, Calvo de Hornos, is sailing from Vigo on her first voyage to South America under the Spanish flag to-day.

Passengers include the Marquess de Magaz, the new Spanish Ambassador to the Argentine, who formerly represented Spain in Berlin.

"TIMES" ON F.E. SITUATION

→ FROM PAGE ONE

There is nothing in the pact to increase her capacity or to enable her to intensify her military effort.

"Japan has plunged upon a course fraught with incalculable consequences to herself, for the advantages, even on the shortest views, appear negligible.

Japan's Choice

"Like Germany in Europe, Japan could, if she had chosen the path of peaceful co-operation and partnership, have played a predominant and respected role in the economic development of China. Like Germany, Japan lacked the necessary self-confidence and self-restraint for this task and plunged recklessly down the path of ruthlessness and domination.

"The many attempts made both by Great Britain and the United States to relieve past errors and to reach a sympathetic understanding of Japanese needs were treated as a sign of weakness and used as a startling point for fresh aggression."

After stating that Japan's progress in the last three years has been accompanied by deliberate provocation of the Western Powers, the "Times" adds: "The pact now concluded with the Axis marks a further step, and almost the last step, on this path. It must now be regretfully admitted that the caution characteristic of Japanese foreign policy in the past has been abandoned.

"The country where the pact has been signed with the most uncompromising attitude is China, whose far-seeing rulers believe that Japan, by deliberately courting hostility with Great Britain, the British Dominions and the United States, has totally mortgaged her future and involved herself in the consequences of Germany's coming defeat."

Error Over Eire Now Admitted By Germany

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—The German Government will express its regret to the Eire Government for having "erroneously" dropped bombs on Irish territory and will offer to pay compensation, according to the German official news agency.

The agency stated that investigation has shown that the bombs were launched from an aircraft which had lost its way.

English Children Reach Canada

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—A liner bringing 31 children, evacuated by the British Government, landed safely in an east Canadian port to-day.

Clipper Due To-day

The American Clipper is due to arrive this afternoon with passengers and mail from San Francisco and will leave for Manila to-morrow.

HUSBAND AND WIFE WOULD NOT LIVE TOGETHER

A couple married in October, 1925. In the following January they parted. Since then they have never lived together but have lived next door to each other for fourteen years.

They were Mrs. Mary Catherine Joyce, living at the Royal Oak, Rushington, Lincs, and her husband, Mr. Walter Joyce, of The Limes, Rushington, who cross-petitioned for divorce before Mr. Justice Hodson.

Each alleged desertion on the part of the other, and each denied the other's charge. A decree nisi was granted to the husband, and Mrs. Joyce's petition was dismissed.

The Judge said that after their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Joyce lived for a time with the wife's parents, at the Royal Oak. Things were not happy at the inn, and a fortnight before the parting Mr. Joyce was taking his meals in his parents' home.

The parting came about because Mr. Joyce saw his wife, her mother and a man in the cellar at the inn, and took offence for what did not seem a very good reason.

He went out and, when he returned later, Mrs. Joyce, who—not unnaturally—was annoyed, and whom he had offended by an observation about the man in the cellar, turned him out.

Mr. Joyce went to his parents' home, next door.

Later that year Mr. Joyce offered to make a home in a cottage he had bought, but at that time, his wife was not willing to live with him.

For a long time after that the couple did not speak, but in 1932 they became on such friendly terms that, learning that Mrs. Joyce had partied with her wedding ring, Mr. Joyce bought her another. There was talk then of their living together again.

He Fell in Love

But in 1933 Mr. Joyce was annoyed because his wife would not go to see his sister's wedding presents.

At the sister's wedding Mr. Joyce had made the acquaintance of a bridegroom, and he wrote to Mrs. Joyce saying that, as he was in love with that young woman, it was impossible for him and Mrs. Joyce to live together again.

He suggested that he had waited seven years for Mrs. Joyce, and that she had treated him badly. The only way out of the difficulty, the husband suggested, was for them to marry again.

The attitude of both Mr. and Mrs. Joyce at that time, Mr. Justice Hodson said, was that they had finished with each other.

But finding he could not get a divorce, Mr. Joyce broke with the bridegroom and approached his wife with a view to making a home together again.

Mrs. Joyce denied that, and said the further approaches were made by herself. Then, in December, 1933, she wrote to her husband that she had no intention of living with him again.

Later though it was, said Mr. Justice Hodson, he thought Mr. Joyce had established desertion since 1933, and he granted him a decree nisi.

Enemy Plane Lands In Syria

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—"Reuter" learns that two Italian bombers damaged by gunfire during a raid on Halfa recently landed in Syria, each with a German pilot and four Italian crew. The British Consul-General at Beirut has sent a note on the subject to the French High Commissioner in Syria as it is the duty of the French authorities to intern both planes and crew.

ANOTHER BRITON DISAPPEARS

BUCHAREST, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—Another British subject has been kidnapped.

Mr. Percy Clark, the 60-year-old head of a British engineering firm at Ploesti, was taken from his room in a Bucharest hotel by three youths in civilian clothes, who forced him to accompany them to an unknown destination.

CYCLISTS WANTED MINISTRY NEEDS HELPERS FOR MESSENGER DUTIES

Under the National Cyclists' Union scheme hundreds of cyclists have already volunteered to help in messenger work in and around London.

Many more are now wanted in help voluntarily at the Ministry of Information, both men and women.

14-lbs. of Ugly Fat Lost in 11 days

on a full stomach with coffee, pleasant reading material and a few nice persons. It took me only 11 days to reduce 14-lbs. I have a slim and trim figure now and I haven't been taking it regularly, wear dresses & coats smaller. It ended my 100-lb. diet and I feel better, more energy and tired feelings.

ELIZABETH G. LANTZER

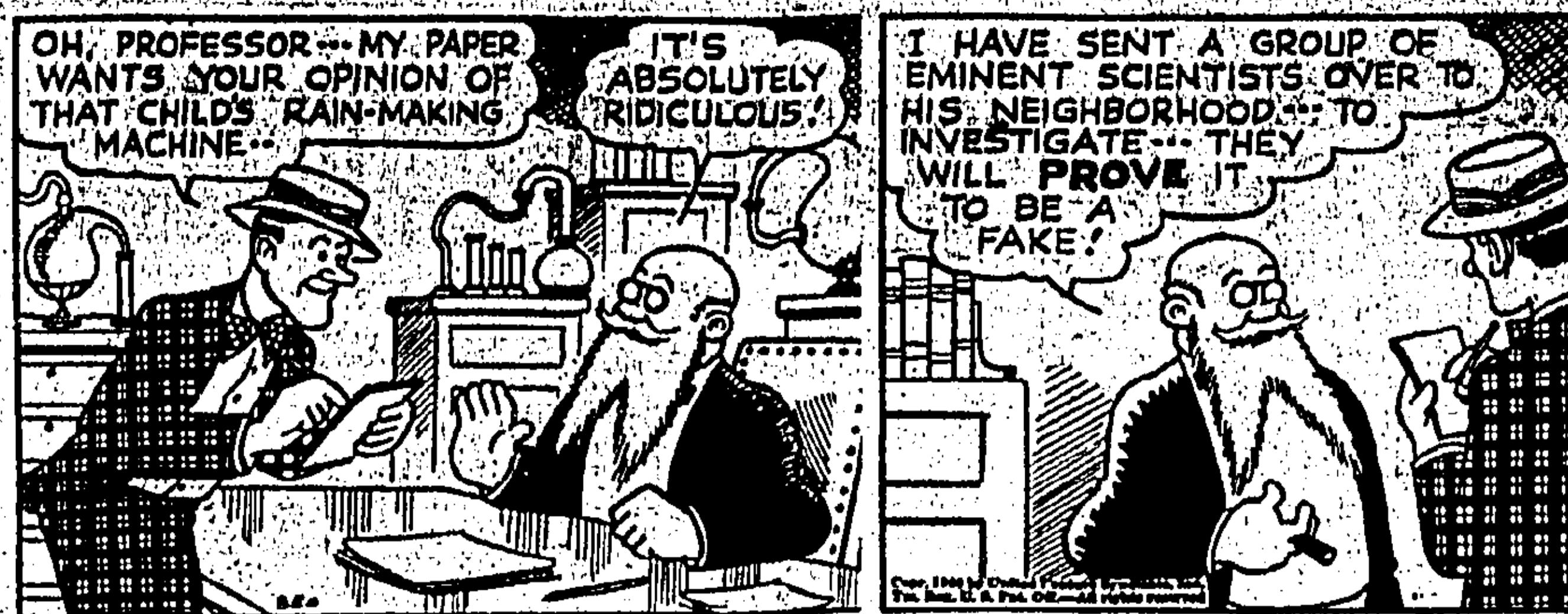
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NANCY

By Ernie Bushmiller

**ADVOCATED LAYING DOWN OF ARMS****'DANGEROUS WOMAN' IS GAOLED FOR MONTH**

A WOMAN described by the magistrate as "extremely dangerous," and a young man whom, he said, "the Germans would have shot," were each sentenced to one month's imprisonment in the second division at Marlborough-street.

They were Sybil Morrison, aged 47, described as organising secretary of the Women's Peace Campaign, of Palace Court, Bayswater, W., and Alan Price, aged 23, accountant, of Rosebery-avenue, Islington, N.

They were charged with using insulting words likely to cause breach of the peace.

A third defendant, David Bryan Lederman, aged 19, of Doughty-mews, Holborn, W.C., was told by the magistrate, "You will grow up and learn sense. Go away."

All pleaded not guilty; and Morrison gave notice of appeal.

Hostile Crowd

According to the prosecution, they addressed a pacifist meeting in Hyde Park, and sections of the crowd became hostile.

It was alleged that Morrison said, "I think it is braver for a young man to stand on the platform and speak on Peace than to go to war in uniform."

P.C. Stuart said that Morrison was speaking from a Peace pledge banner. A section of the crowd presented her remarks, and a woman shouted, "You are the same as the Fascists, but wrapped in a different parcel."

One question put to her was, "Do you advocate us laying down our arms against Hitler now?" Her reply was, "Yes, I do."

At this, said the officer, the crowd became noisy and hostile.

Morrison denied making the remarks in the manner in which they had been phrased by the prosecution. She contended that she said during her speech, "A young man on this platform is much more brave than an old lady like me."

"Nearly Lynched"

The magistrate, Mr. Sandbach, said that he regarded it as a serious offence.

"You are extremely dangerous, although you were speaking from a sense of conviction," he told her. "A breach of the peace was likely because you grossly insulted people who believe in the prosecution of the war and who had relatives defending their country. This type of thing must be stamped out."

One of Price's comments which, it was alleged, nearly caused the crowd to lynch him, was, "Great Britain is now applying a murderous blockade against our former Ally."

A constable stated that the crowd threatened to assault Price, began to surge towards him, and cheered when he was arrested.

Sentencing Price, Mr. Sandbach said, "If you were in Germany you would have been shot. This may be a country of free speech, but it is not a country of licence."

Home Guard Has A "Warship" Now

Birmingham's first Home Guard "warship" now patrols the canal system in the Ladywood district.

The boat—a small motor-launch capable of about 10 knots—was subscribed for and purchased by five firms whose employees form the Ladywood factory unit of the Home Guard.

PLANES AT MARTINIQUE

London, Oct. 3. The fate of the warplanes supplied to France by America is still in doubt. These planes are on a French ship.

According to an unconfirmed message from Washington, the United States is prepared to repurchase the planes, but the Petain Government says that, under the terms of the Armistice with Germany, they are not free to dispose of them.

Reuter Bulletin.

Swimming Trials**V. Churn Beats Li Po-luen****In Women's Breast-stroke****KWOK CHUN-HANG STAGES COME-BACK**

(By "Tinker")

HIGHLIGHTS of the interport swimming trials held at the V.R.C. yesterday were the victory of Miss V. Churn over Miss Li Po-luen in the women's 50 yards breast-stroke, and the triumph of Kwok Chun-hang over Fong Chung-yui in the men's 220 yards breast-stroke.

The other two trials were the men's 220 yards back-stroke and the women's 50 yards back-stroke, and in each event A. K. Rumjahn and Miss C. Gutierrez were easy winners. Rumjahn, especially, was in a class of his own, winning as he did by a length of the pool.

Subject to changes that may occur through the arrangement of the programme, these swimmers have selected themselves to represent Hongkong in the coming meet with the Philippines.

Miss Churn made use of the butterfly stroke, and was not hard pressed to win by over a yard, but in the men's breast-stroke there was a very keen struggle between Fong and Kwok, the latter making a come-back after several years absence.

Fong went off at a great pace and established a lead—though slight—which he maintained until almost the end. It was over the last length and a half that Kwok crept gradually forward and beat his challenger by a touch.

FINE VICTORY

Miss C. Gutierrez, one of the youngest and most promising swimmers in the Colony, scored brilliantly over Miss Tsang Fung-kwan in the women's 50 yards back-stroke. Her win was as popular as that which she recorded in the women's 440 yards championship of the Colony.

The results were:

220 yards breast-stroke—1. Kwok Chun-hang (3.4); 2. Fong Chung-yui (3.4.1/2); 3. Ho Fun-kan (3.5). Also, swim, J. M. Williams (3.5).

Women's 50 yards back-stroke—1. C. Gutierrez (40.3/5); 2. Tsang Fung-kwan (41.5); 3. Eileen Grant (41.5).

Men's 220 yards back-stroke—1. K. Rumjahn (31.1/2); 2. Poon Wing-kai (31.5/2); 3. Lau Yu-ting (31.4/2).

Women's 50 yards breast-stroke—1. V. Churn (30.2); 2. Li Po-luen (30.2/3); 3. Doreen Watt (30.2/3).

Estonian Fuehrer Commits Suicide

He didn't like Stalin
Prospective "Fuehrer" of Estonia, Herr Roeuk, leader of the nation's Fascist Party, has committed suicide because of his country's decision to join the Soviet Union, it was announced in Tallinn.

Incorporation of Estonia into Stalin's Empire will be formally completed.

Moscow radio announced the nationalisation and division among the peasants of all land in Latvia. There are to be an amnesty for all political prisoners, and an abolition of debts for the peasantry.

T.U.C. Lend £10,000 To England—Free—and give four canteens

The Trades Union Congress is to lend £10,000 to the Government free of interest for the war effort.

Sir Walter Citrine, Congress Secretary, made this announcement and urged all affiliated unions to follow the example.

Four mobile canteens, costing £250 each, are also to be given for the use of the troops.

Sir Walter added that canteens given by individual unions, and bearing the name of the union, would help troops to realize the interest the unions took in their welfare.

WARRANT FOR ARREST

Shanghai, Oct. 3. The United States Court has issued a warrant for the arrest of Rudolph W. Mayer, a brother of Louis B. Mayer, noted Hollywood executive. Mayer, who has been charged of obtaining money by false pretences, Mayer, who has been living in Shanghai for more than five years, is reported to have been receiving remittances from his brother. —United Press.

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A NEW UNIVERSAL PICTURE

The Man Who Came Back

German is released

Son of a former wealthy Frankfurt banker, Mr. Frederick Coustol went to Britain from Germany as a young man to study agriculture.

While a student on a farm in the Isle of Man he eloped with one of the six pretty daughters of a Manx rector.

After living for some years in the Isle of Man, Mr. Coustol took his wife to Germany.

Sons Joined Up

When the last war broke out he was called up as a German of military age, and served on the Russian front.

After the armistice the family returned to England to live.

Then the present war began, and the three sons of Mr. and Mrs. Coustol joined up, two in the British Army and one in the R.A.F.

But their father was interned in the big round-up of aliens in the spring.

Mr. Coustol was shipped under armed guard to the Isle of Man, island of his romantic memories.

Release I

He suffered ill-health, and the close confinement of an internment camp did not help matters.

He applied for release and recently there was a happy ending to the story. Liberated under a Home Office order, he now reunited with his wife in Harrogate.

HELPING WAR FUNDS

Shanghai, Hankow
Send More To Britain

Shanghai, Oct. 3. The Shanghai Voluntary War Contribution Fund has telegraphed a further £10,000 to London as a contribution towards the British effort. The sum will be used for the purchase of planes. The contribution is for September, the aim of the contribution being to send a similar amount each month.

The Voluntary War Contribution Fund at Hankow received £201 during September. This brings the total amount contributed to date to £1,400 and US \$205.

Since the total British population of this town has been estimated at not more than 600, including women and children, this result may be regarded as reasonably satisfactory.

Of the anonymous contributions in September, it is interesting to note that one was signed "Verdun" and another "Alsace-Lorraine." — Reuter.

LATE NEWS

Pilot Rammed Bomber With Unarmed Plane

Flying on unarmed plane, a young British pilot gave his life to bring down a Heinkel bomber which attacked him over a South-Western inland district.

Defenceless against the enemy, which was chasing him and firing bursts of machine gun bullets, the R.A.F. man turned on the Heinkel and rammed it.

The crew of five of the Nazi machine were killed when the planes crashed.

On spotting the training plane the Heinkel 111, gave chase, and quickly came within machine gun range.

Bullets struck the Avro Anson and the airmen was wounded.

Despite this, he turned on his attacker.

The planes collided and came crashing down, the Avro Anson in a field with part of the wing and engine of the Heinkel with it.

The Nazi machine came down in flames in a field a quarter of a mile away, the crew being burnt to death.

The British pilot belonged to the South-Western training station.

These were thrown into the air over a wide area and rained on the roofs of houses like bullets and shrapnel.

The raider was shot down by A.A. fire and crashed on the beach. Three men were hit in the shower of pebbles but were unhurt, and the German bomber was the only casualty.

PEBBLE BULLETS
— Beach Bombed

When a German raider dived over a beach in South-West England he missed the target and six bombs fell harmlessly into the pebbles.

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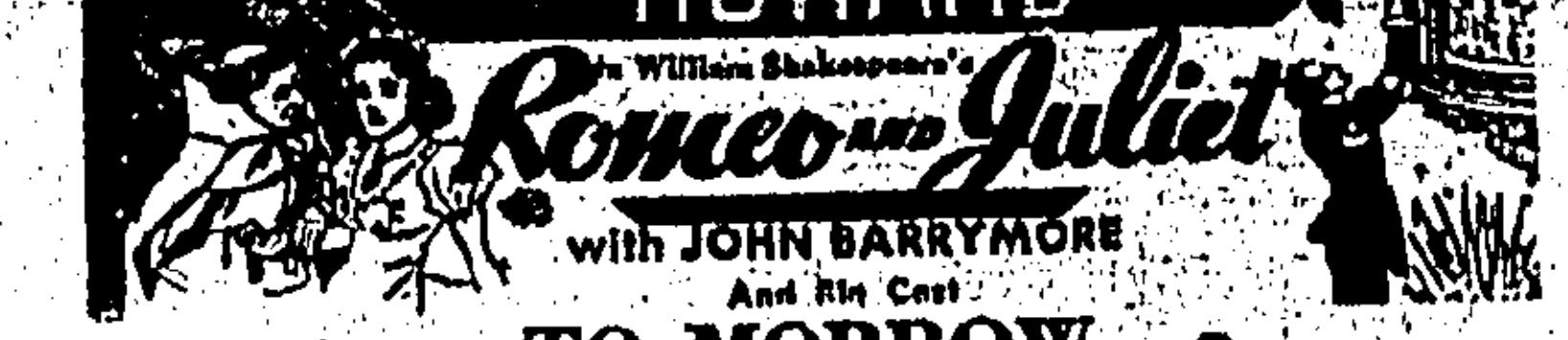
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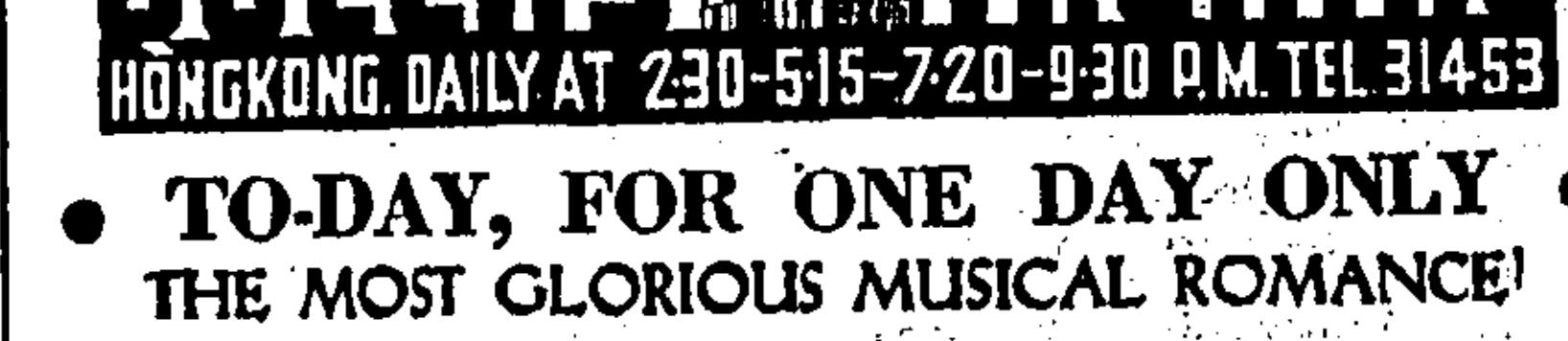
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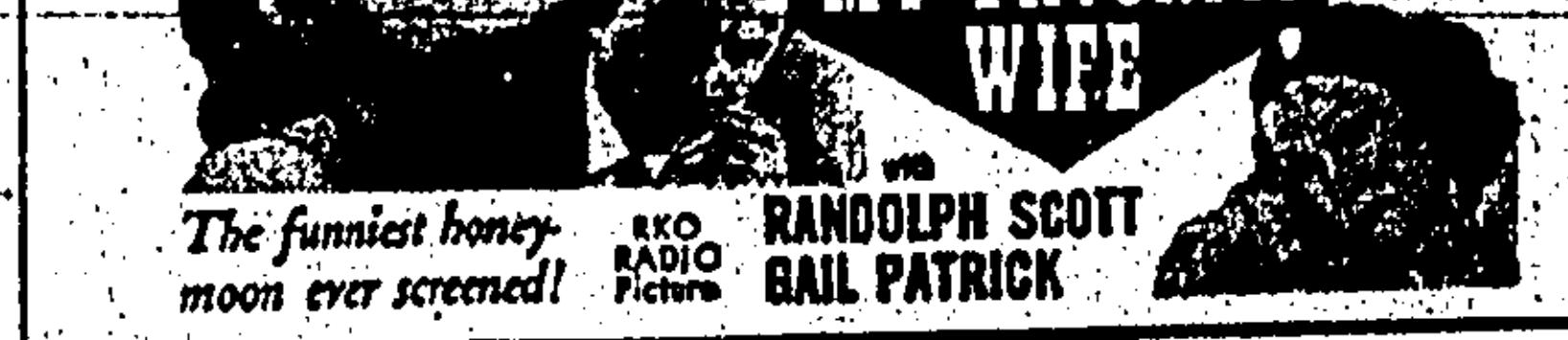
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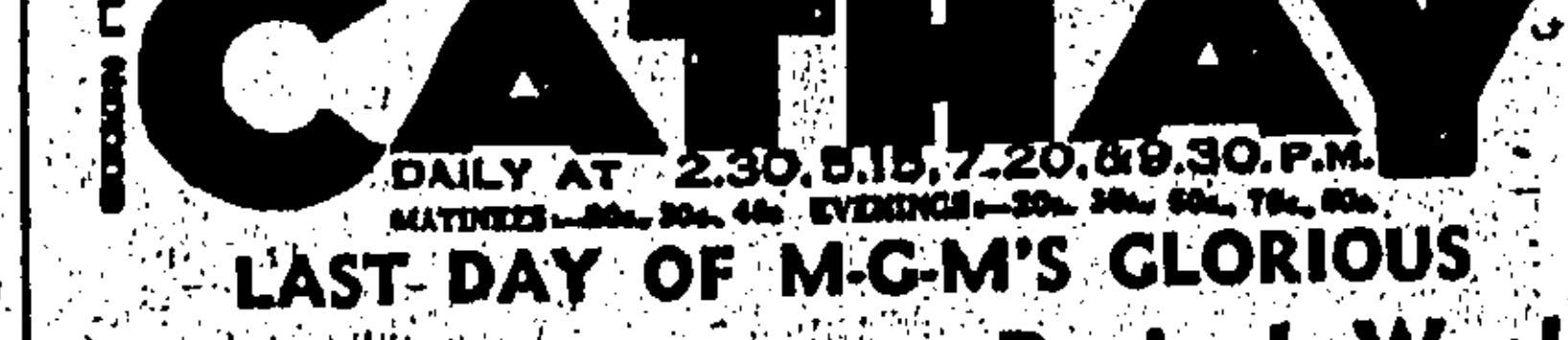
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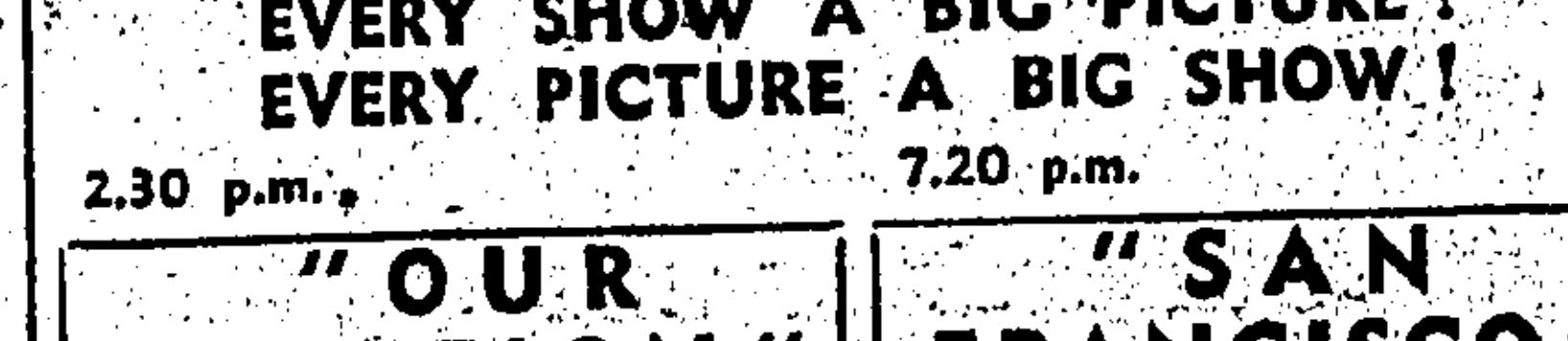
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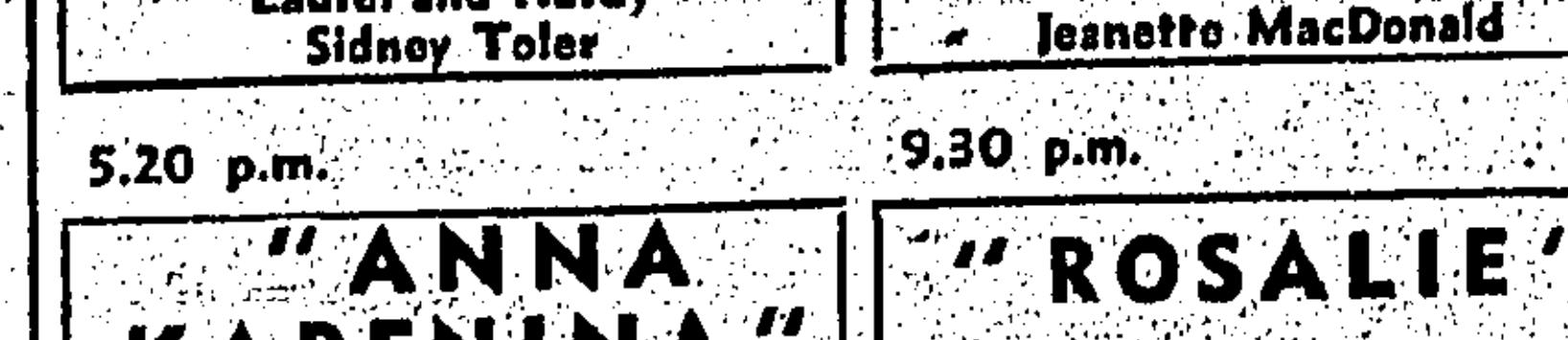
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RAIDER MACHINE-GUNS LONDON TRAIN: THREE CASUALTIES REPORTED

A TRAIN WHICH HAD LEFT EUSTON STATION SHORTLY AFTER MIDDAY YESTERDAY WAS MACHINE-GUNNED BY A GERMAN RAIDER WHILE PASSING THROUGH A SMALL MIDLANDS TOWN, ACCORDING TO A "REUTER" REPORT, QUOTING THE OFFICIAL AIR MINISTRY COMMUNIQUE.

The train stopped a few miles further on after the machine-gunning, but as the three injured people were not seriously hurt, they were taken on to the next large station to receive hospital treatment.

The dining car of the train was damaged, but the bombs dropped did no damage.

ITALY'S GAMBLE IN DESERT

Defeat Will Be Fatal Disaster

NEW YORK, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—Hitler and Mussolini are expected to meet for an important conference to-morrow.

Hitler, in recent political and diplomatic developments, has diverted attention to the military situation in the Middle East which seems likely shortly to become an almost decisive factor in the war.

It is because Marshal Rodolfo Graziani, the Italian commander, realises the importance of the stake where Italy is concerned, that he is proceeding so slowly, methodically and skillfully.

His task is one of great difficulty since he has not only the question of transport across the desert, water supply and feeding his men and guns but his sea communications with Italy are constantly menaced by the British Fleet.

Geographical conditions make a wide deployment of his forces practically impossible and his long lines of communications to the rear are exposed to air and naval attacks.

It is suggested that Germany may send large numbers of Stuka dive-bombers but the question of supply enters here also, while it is pointed out that Hurricanes and Spitfires have dealt successfully with the dive-bombing menace in other fields like Dunkirk.

Invader's Position Worsening

Another point in Britain's favour is that Italian difficulties will increase with the advance whereas Britain's strength will grow. Hence Marshal Graziani's caution.

His defeat would more than a disaster; it would be fatal. Not only would it mean the end of Abyssinia, which, cut off from help, would quickly disintegrate; not only would the situation in Tunis be gravely compromised, but it is doubtful whether the Italian people, already lukewarm about the war and dissatisfied by privations, would stand for such a setback.

Balkan Angle

Because of the magnitude of the issues involved, there are some suggestions that the Axis may try to keep operations in Libya in cold storage while they seek another line of approach via the Balkans and Syria.

The difficulties which beset such a scheme are many and obvious. An Italian defeat in Libya would probably produce devastating reactions

HAMBURG FACTORY SMASHED

Nocturnal Visit Of R.A.F.

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—The Royal Air Force's special objective during their activities over extensive areas of Germany, and aerodromes and bases in Holland, Belgium and France, was Hamburg.

A large oil factory and storage plant there was subjected to nearly two hours of intensive bombardment by relays of heavy bombers.

Score Direct Hits

It was shortly after 10 p.m. when the first raider scored direct hits on the target and started four separate fires which spread and merged into one.

From then, target-finding was easy for the continuous succession of bombers which unloaded high explosives in the centre of the target area. Later a second fire started and in the words of the Air Ministry news service, "both fires were still burning strongly, sending great clouds of black smoke billowing across the River Elbe, as the last of the attacking forces turned for home."

In the Balkans and possibly even further north.

Mussolini is apparently en route for the meeting.

Reports of the forthcoming meeting have aroused considerable speculation. One suggestion is that a combined winter campaign in Africa might be the chief subject under consideration.

German Plane Secrets Gained From Wrecks

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—German planes brought down in Britain range from total wrecks to machines practically undamaged in forced landings. An examination of them shows every phase of German aircraft development.

In one depot in south-east England, smashed-up planes are piled up nearly as high as a house. Near them are fighters and bombers in perfect condition.

Every device, every part and every inch of these machines has been examined by "experts" who have taken them up into the air and known the exact performance of Messerschmitts, Dorniers, Heinkels and Junkers.

Generally speaking, the German machines brought down so far are shades of good material and well finished. They have certain weaknesses but British experts naturally are not going to give the Germans credit for the remedies.

One of the most remarkable features of the German machines is the way they can fly at different speeds in different types of flying. Some of them will

Insignificant Raids

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—An Air Ministry communiqué, reviewing the attacks on the United Kingdom from reports received up to 4 p.m., says that several houses were demolished in the London boroughs, but it is not expected that casualties will be heavy.

"Bombs were dropped at various points in the Thames Valley, Essex, Kent and Cornwall but no serious damage and no fatal casualties are reported in any of these districts."

"A number of casualties, including a few fatal injuries, were caused in a city in the Midlands and in another small Midland town, where a number of houses were demolished, but little other damage is reported."

"A train was machine-gunned and a few persons were slightly injured."

"A single enemy plane was shot down in an attack on a town in the home counties, where a number of persons were killed and seriously injured by bombs and machine gun bullets."

Kept Very High

The German air force went "night" raiding over England to-day in the first gloom of Britain's autumn.

Single aircraft kept the defences in south-east England and the home counties on the qui vive most of the day but for the most part they remained above the murky clouds and carried out random bombing in which some London boroughs suffered minor damage.

Anti-aircraft batteries were active and in the East London district, where planes were reported overhead for a short time, the barrage was as heavy as night gunfire.

The paper states that there are reports that terrorising is going on, especially of business circles in Oslo. It warns those concerned that assistance will be given to supporters of the Nazi Party.

Purchase Tax In Britain

Starting This Month

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—The Purchase Tax will come into operation on October 21.

The Treasury has made an order to this effect which will be submitted to Parliament for approval in accordance with the terms of the Finance Act.

All taxable goods which are delivered under chargeable purchases after that date, will be subject to tax.

The Purchase Tax, which was the surprise of the second War Budget in April, is a tax on sales. It will be charged by wholesalers to retailers and will mean that everyday articles such as household goods, clothes and drapery will cost more. The heaviest scale of the tax will be borne by luxuries.

Its purpose is to limit home expenditure with a view to avoiding the risk of inflation. It will be worked on a percentage basis.

SYRIA PINCHED Running Short Of Foods And Fuel

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—A Beirut message reports a serious shortage of food in Syria.

All over the country people are queuing up for bread, flour and other rations.

There is a petrol shortage, too.

Private cars have been ordered off the roads during the month of October. Taxis have had their allowance cut down to 24 gallons a month.

Self-sealing tanks of fibre, rubber and leather are used in which bullet holes rapidly close up.

The knowledge gained from an examination of these machines is of immense value and help to our pilots who know just what to expect in battle.

Nevertheless, the Germans are becoming nervous and are beginning to show signs of panic.

They are not going to give up their

new type but some of them will

crash and burn their wings.

Italian Threat To Greece Reported

ATHENS, Oct. 3 (UPI).—It is reported here that Greek troops have been summoned to the Greek-Albanian frontier. It is rumoured that

the Greeks are preparing to

attack the frontier.

It is also reported that the Greeks

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Dockyard Employee Passes On

Mr. Harold Seats

The death occurred at the Royal Naval Hospital yesterday of Mr. Harold Seats, a member of the staff at the Naval Dockyard.

A native of Gillingham, Kent, Mr. Seats had been in Hongkong for about four years, and had been in indifferent health for more than a year. Recently his condition became worse and his wife, who had been evacuated to Australia was summoned. She is travelling on a ship due in Hongkong next week.

In addition to his widow, Mr. Seats leaves six children, Patricia, Peter, Pamela, Michael, Norah and Timothy.

Mr. Seats was a frequent contributor to the correspondence columns of the S. C. M. Post under the pen-name of "White Coote."

The funeral will take place to-day, leaving the Royal Naval Hospital at 4 p.m.

Mr. O. S. Benbow-Rose

The funeral of the late Mr. Oswald Stanhope Benbow-Rose, member of a family well-known in China, took place at the Roman Catholic Cemetery, Happy Valley, yesterday. The services in the chapel and at the graveside were taken by the Rev. Fr. N. Macestrini and P. Gorani.

An old resident of Shanghai, the late Mr. Benbow-Rose died at the Queen Mary Hospital on Wednesday.

Those present at the funeral yesterday were Messrs. B. C. Field, H. J. Tebbutt, Capt. S. R. Kerr and Dr. F. J. Farr.

Floral tributes were from "Your loving sister, Ethel," Elsa and Bevan, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Benbow-Rose and family, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Tebbutt, Mrs. Grace Schroeter, Edward, Bernard and Ernest, Mrs. W. G. Worcester and Alma Mrs. M. Rose, Major and Mrs. A. N. Macfadyen and Quentin A. A. Macfadyen, Mr. T. H. G. Brayfield, and Captain and Mrs. R. Kerr.

CHAMBERLAIN RESIGNS

FROM PAGE ONE

leadership of the three fighting services remains unaltered, an implied indication of the satisfaction which Mr. Winston Churchill feels at the way the war effort is being pushed forward.

In the enlarged War Cabinet, increased from six to eight by the inclusion of Mr. Ernest Bevin and Sir Kingsley Wood, Conservatives now outnumber the Labour members by five to three and there is still no place for the Liberals.

There is now no reason to expect any more government changes in the near future.

The average age of the new War Cabinet is 59½ years, Mr. Churchill at 65 being the oldest and Mr. Bevin at 50 the youngest.

LORD HALIFAX: New Duties
Lord Halifax, the Foreign Secretary, will be leader of the House of Lords in place of Lord Cadogan.

He will be assisted in his duties, it is announced from Downing Street to-night, by Lord Snell who will continue as Deputy Leader of the House of Lords.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

DONATIONS TO FUND FOR BRITISH BOMBERS

A total of \$1,255,736.62 was reached yesterday by the War Fund inaugurated by the S. C. M. Post, Ltd. The latest Mrs. W. Wilson, Stanley \$25 "Sale of Scrap" (further donation) 10 Stenographers, Clerks, Bailiffs, Interpreters and Translators of Supreme Court (all donations) 25 Mr. Stewart Duncan 25 Capt. Geo. Wright (4th monthly) 400 Capt. E. H. Histed 100 "Collection of five-cent pieces" 5 The S. C. M. Post has made the following donation to the Lord Mayor's Fund for Relief of Victims of the Air Raid. A Chinese British Subject 100 ST. VINCENT DE PAUL. The Society of St. Vincent de Paul acknowledged receipt of the following donations in memory of the late Mr. C. Roarke: China Dryvers, Ltd. \$10; Mr. H. Childe \$1; Mr. H. J. Alpe \$1.

MADRAS WAR FUND
London, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—The sum of \$15,000 was cableed to the Air Ministry to-day from the War Fund raised by the Governor of Madras. The total contributions from this source, now amount to \$247,500.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

G. S. R.

PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS

of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on Monday, the 14th day of October, 1940, at 3 p.m. at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor of one Lot of Crown Land at Tai Kok Tsui, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 75 years.

This was the categorical statement elicited by "Reuter" in reply to an enquiry regarding a report circulating earlier.

The statement added, however, that the Soviet policy of good relations would not exclude the possibility of a rapprochement with Japan provided, as Mr. Molotov stated in August, there was goodwill on both sides.

London Bears Up Bravely

Spirits As Good As Ever

LONDON, Oct. 4 (London).—The German radio yesterday quoted an unnamed American journalist as having told Lisbon newspapermen that he was returning to the United States because conditions in London had become unbearable. Actually this agency interviewed five American journalists including Vincent Shean and H. R. Knickerbocker and all five fully believe in an English victory.

A commentator of the Mutual Broadcasting Service told his American listeners that Londoners' spirits are good as ever and little or no military damage had been done there. Docks and warehouses have been bombed but the bulk of the damage has been on non-military objectives.

A party of provincial journalists recently toured London and said the damage was not so great as they had expected.

STOCK MARKET REPORT

Hongkong Stock Exchange Official Summary issued yesterday says:

Buyers absorbed offerings at lower rates with the market closing uncertain.

NOTICE

By request of the Acting Consul for Portugal, on Saturday, the 5th of October, anniversary of the Portuguese Republic, in all churches of Hong Kong and Kowloon special masses and prayers will be offered in thanksgiving to God for the blessing bestowed on the nation and also to ask our Lord for the cessation of hostilities all over the world and peace.

In the evening at 5.30 p.m. at the Catholic Cathedral there will be a solemn Te Deum preceded by the recitation of the Holy Rosary and prayers for peace.

All faithful are kindly requested to attend the services and specially the Portuguese National Mass.

Hongkong, 3rd October, 1940.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that no person is authorized to solicit or collect donations for the War Fund organised by this Company.

All donations, with the exception of those sent through The Hongkong War Effort Committee, or other properly constituted bodies, should be forwarded, and cheques made out to "War Fund—South China Morning Post, Ltd."

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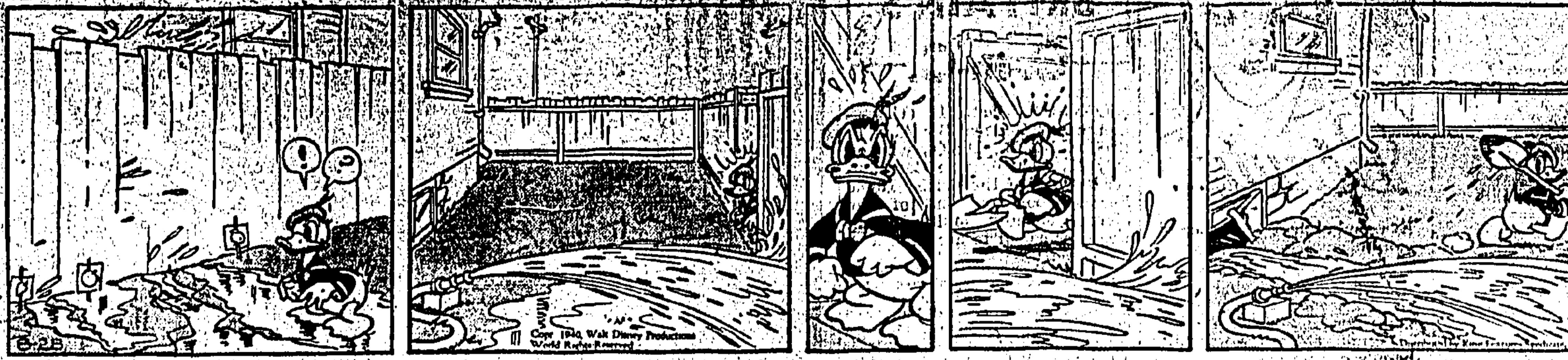
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MAGAZINE PAGE

THE BATTLE FOR HOLLAND

Another instalment of the official Dutch account

Wireless reports revealed that the Commander of the German forces in Rotterdam had the order to take the city on the fifth day at any price.

The German general, whose armoured columns, proceeding through North Brabant and across the Moerdijk, had already reached Rotterdam, then resorted to a ruthless air bombardment of this open city. Reference to the plan of Rotterdam included in this account will give some idea of this inhuman bombardment. The city, which had not been evacuated, was visited by two squadrons of 27 aeroplanes each, dropping high explosive bombs of approximately 500 kilograms. It was not until the evening, that the situation of the gallant Dutch troops became untenable, and since the last lines of defence of the fortress Holland had also been breached, there was nothing to do but to ask for negotiations for an armistice.

Round Dordrecht, also, where both parties sustained heavy losses disputing territory, the fighting had to be stopped when the armoured units already mentioned, joined in the battle, in co-operation with the German air force. At this juncture the fate of the line of communications had been sealed and the way of escape for the Dutch army had been blocked.

The Fighting On The Frontier And In The Main Defensive Positions

Before going into a detailed account of the resistance against the enemy it must be pointed out how the bewildering speed of the German attack played havoc with our communications. Information which would have given a clear picture of the struggle could not be transmitted, and as the result the course of the battle in this part of the country is much more confused than that of the centre.

The Struggle For The Northern Access To The Fortress Holland

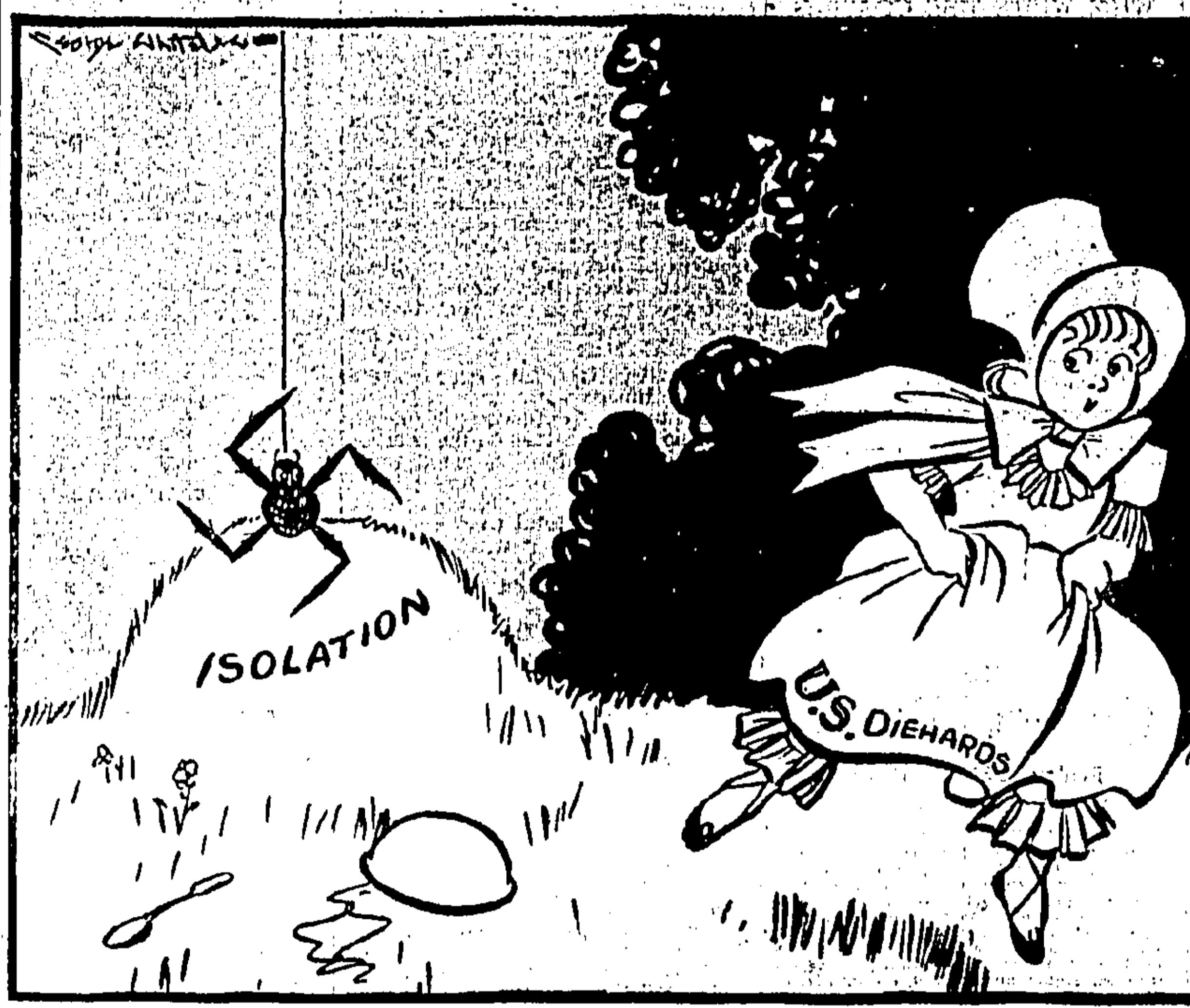
As soon as the German forces crossed the frontier in the extreme north the harbour works of Delfzijl were demolished, and the harbour entrance and the locks were blocked.

These demolitions were fully carried out in the face of heavy German attacks.

After completing this work the Dutch forces made an orderly retreat in the direction of the Zuidzeedijk in the night of May the tenth, joining these units commanded by the provincial commander of Friesland who had fought a delaying action in Groningen and Friesland.

Together they crossed the Zuidzeedijk in the night of May the tenth, and were subsequently re-organised in the defensive position of Den Helder. The German attack on the eastern bridgehead of the Zuidzeedijk situated in Friesland, took place on the following day. The defences of this bridgehead had been constructed during mobilisation, and were protected mainly by a belt of inundations. The overpowering action of the German aircraft enabled the enemy to break through the inundations into the areas on the same day, and the eastern end of the Zuidzeedijk up to Kornwerderzand fell into their hands.

The first attack on Kornwerderzand occurred in the evening of May the tenth, and the German forces seriously threatened to sweep



"THERE CAME A GREAT SPIDER..."

WILL FRANCE HAVE A KING?

IF Hitler puts as much faith in the predictions of astrologers as he is reputed to do, he must regard the activities of the French Pretender, the Comte de Paris, with uneasiness, for several French astrologers, including Nostradamus, have predicted that a young king will rise again to lead France from a great defeat by the Germans to final victory which will end the reign of the Eagle and disperse the German empire for ever.

Many people interpret the prophecies as relating to the Comte de Paris, and past events seem to fix the advent of the royal saviour of France for the present period, for he was to rise up after the streets of France had run with blood as far South as Macon and after the country had been ravaged by a terrible famine such as is predicted for the coming winter.

He is to be helped in his task of restoring French prestige

by an army which will come to his aid through Clemenceau.

However much truth there may be in these prophecies, which have been frequently quoted in France, even when the predictions of defeat seemed utterly false, it is certain that the Pretender has had a longer following during the last few years when France has been searching for a leader who could replace Clemenceau.

There is nothing undecided about the young Count, who, although inheriting nearly four million francs, set out to make the farming of his estates a business proposition and succeeded.

He was also instrumental in turning barren land in Spanish Morocco into the busy port of Larache.

Moreover, he is the only member of European Royalty who is a working journalist, and he runs his own paper "Le Courrier Royal," in which he bitterly deplored the capitulation to German dictation at Munich and has frequently preached against the corruption in public institutions.

The main reason for this serious setback was the complete absence on our side of any aeroplanes, as the Dutch airforce had been completely destroyed in the fighting and on the ground.

The German airforce therefore met no opposition in carrying out its work of destruction and the Dutch forces had to retire behind the New Dutch Waterline, forming the eastern front of the fortress Holland.

It is obvious that when an army has been thrown back in a new position from which it wants to resume the fighting, it requires sometime to reorganise itself. It has therefore to find the new position already occupied by other forces to take its place.

He does not want a Court, which he thinks would destroy the Monarchy, and he shows a decided Left-wing tendency in his treatment of social questions, being a great advocate of trade unions as a

means of uniting the workers of the country.

The Monarchist element in France is strong, and most loyal Republicans have a dim regret that a Monarchy and Republican principles cannot be reconciled.

The Royalist newspaper, "L'Action Francaise" had a good circulation, especially in Catholic circles, and it was always sold outside the stations on Saturday morning.

At this present time, if a strong leader can be found, the public will rise up to restore the confidence of the country.

It is evident that whatever the policy of the nation would follow him as one man.

This claim to the Throne of France is based on his descent from Philip II, Duke

of Orleans, the younger brother

of Louis XIV. Philip II married a natural daughter of that King, so making the Princes of Orleans direct descendants of the Grand Monarch.

The Orleanist branch of the French Bourbons has provided the head of the House of France since 1883, when Henry Charles, duc de Bordeaux, died without issue.

The Count is described by his followers as the heir of forty Kings who ruled over France for a thousand years.

He married the Princess Isabelle of Orleans Brazanzo in 1931, and of this marriage he has several children.

He was exiled from France some years ago and has been residing in Belgium. Aged 34 at the outbreak of war, he asked permission to fight with the French forces, but this request was refused.

He is reputed to have returned from Brazil, where he went a few weeks ago, and to be living near Vichy, from where he has sent the Comte de Lusignan, one of his lieutenants, to London as a propaganda agent to prepare the way for the restoration of the French Monarchy.

♦ ♦ ♦

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(To be continued next week)

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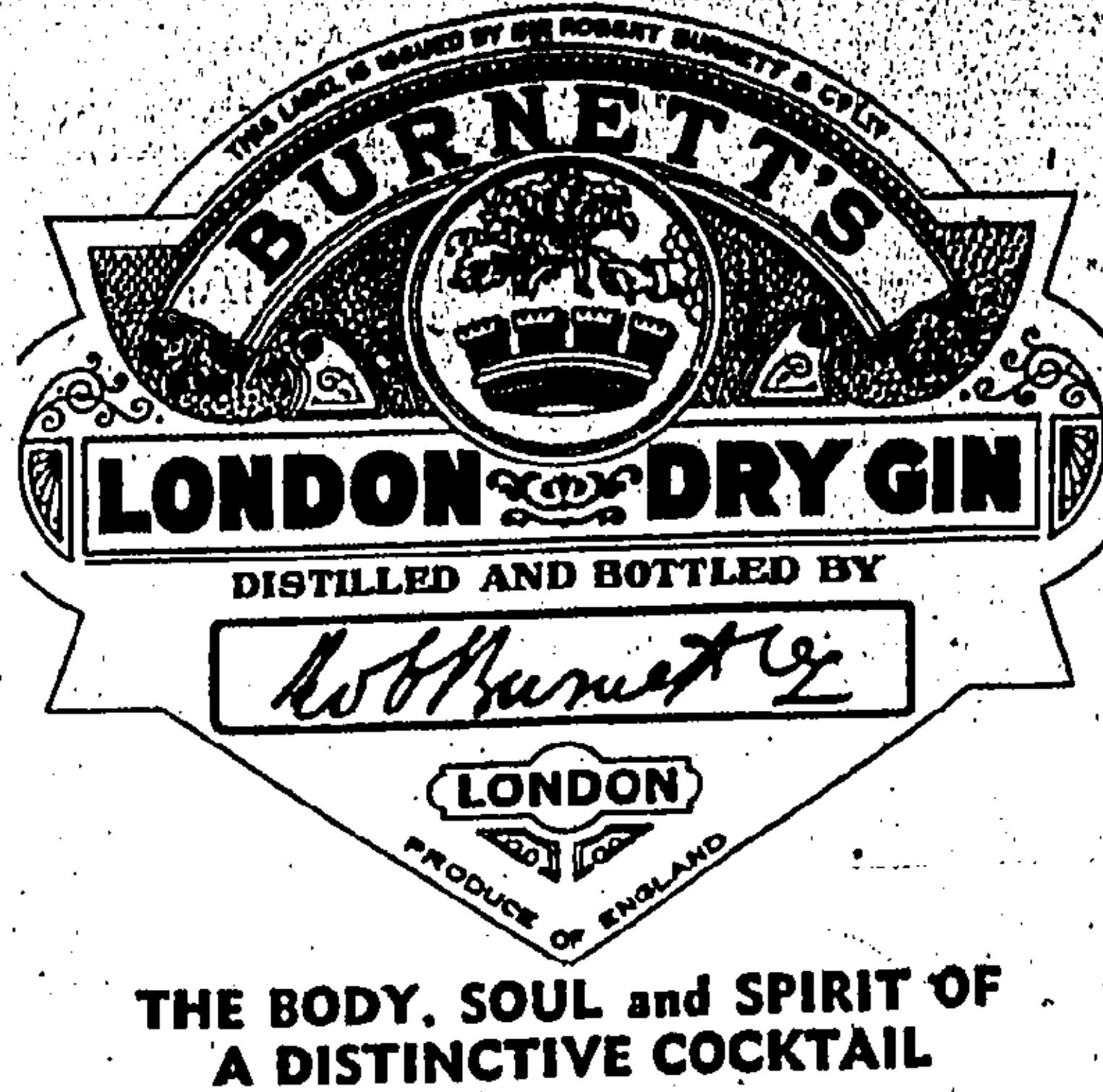
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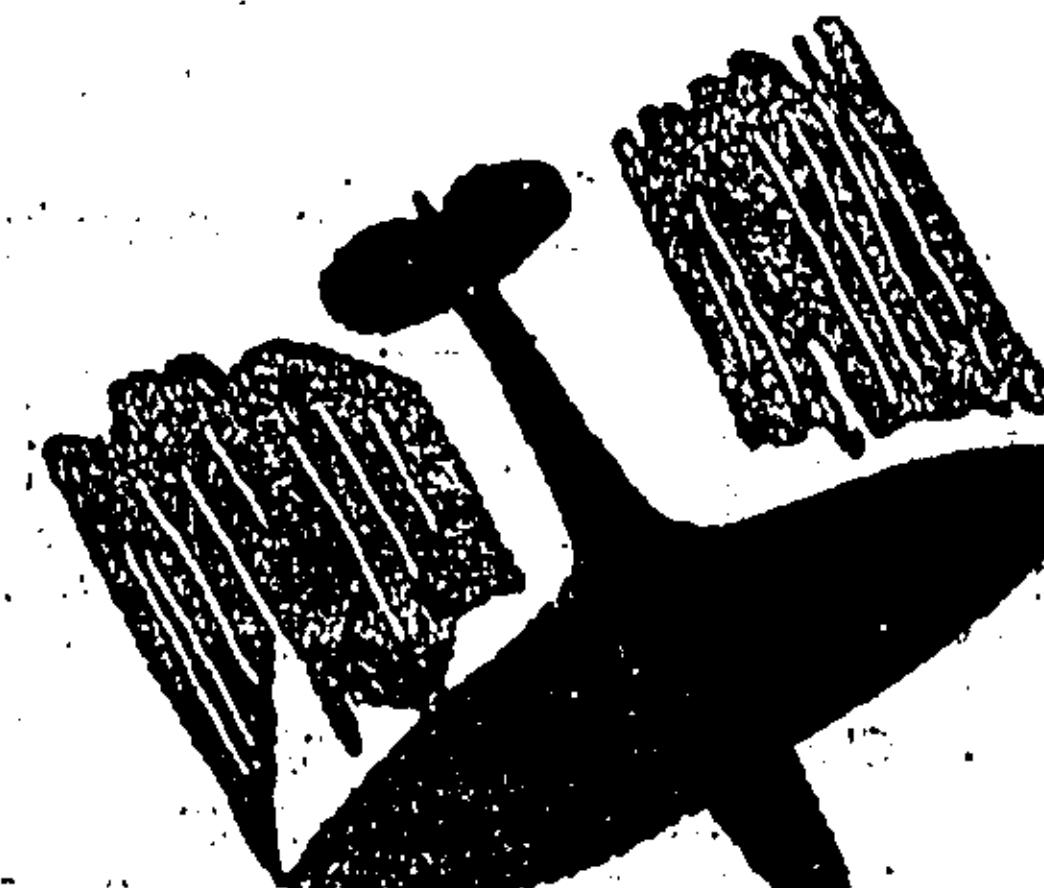


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(Readers are invited to send in suggestions
to fill this space.)



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The
Hongkong Telegraph.

Friday, Oct. 4, 1940.

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THE prefix "Special to the Telegraph" is used by the Hongkong Telegraph in its news service, which is brought under the provisions of the Telecommunications Ordinance, 1936. Such news as bears the indication "U.P." is received by the United Press Association, who reserve all rights and forbid republication, either wholly or in part without previous arrangement.

THREAT OR BLUFF?

THE "Asahi Shimbun," whose influence in Japan is akin to that of the "Times" in England, and whose opinions can therefore reasonably be taken as expressing the official view, has seen fit to come into the open and offer an unequivocal challenge to Britain and the United States. "It," says the paper, "the United States and Britain should ban exports of oil, rubber and tin to Japan, the latter would choose an all-or-nothing struggle rather than a waiting death." Making due allowance for editorial rhetoric, the comment may be accepted as the sentiment of the Tokyo Government. Recognising too that the "Asahi Shimbun" is anticipating events, for as yet neither the United States nor Britain has officially proposed an embargo on oil, rubber or tin, it is reasonable to believe that the newspaper is not introducing a hypothetical proposition for the sake of filling its editorial columns; which suggests that the observation quoted is to be taken seriously both in Japan and in other parts of the world.

Nevertheless, Japan has bluffed her way against the democracies so successfully for the last nine years, that we cannot help feeling this newspaper's "threat" is but another example of her poker technique. Equally do we feel confident that if a situation should arise such as envisaged by the "Asahi Shimbun," neither Britain nor the United States would hesitate this time to call Japan's bluff. The first hand of this new poker game will probably be dealt on October 16, when President Roosevelt's embargo on scrap iron and other war materials comes into effect. It should provide an excellent pointer to the rest of the session, especially as the second hand is due to deal the following day, when the Burma Road agreement expires. Opponents of America should take cognisance of the fact that poker is practically a national game in the United States, and it would be a very

BRITAIN'S C.-in-C.

LONDON, Oct. 1 (UP)—Lieutenant General Sir Alan F. Brooke, K.C.B., D.S.O., who on July 19, 1940 became Commander in Chief of the British Home Forces, took on one of the biggest jobs any military man was ever asked to accomplish at top speed.

London newspapers, always eager to find a nickname for their military heroes, promptly dubbed him "The Wizard" in view of his reputation as a gunnery and mechanization expert. The task he took over from General Sir Edmund Ironside, was one which demanded many of a wizard's attributes.

General Brooke took over an armed land force of 1,400,000 men, which at the time, was increasing by 7,000 daily. In addition, he assumed ultimate command of 1,300,000 Home Guards, world war veterans, over-age civilians or men in reserved occupations, mobilized and equipped to ward against "fifth column" surprises of the attack of Nazi air borne troops.

The Army needed large-scale equipment. The nucleus, men from the BEF, some of whom had been under one personal command in the Flanders campaign, were again at full strength and completely armed. Factories were pouring out new weapons for the other divisions. The problem of distributing both arms and men where they would do the most good was one of the biggest which confronted the new commander-in-chief.

Tactically, General Brooke's job began in theory with the coastline, which must be defended in depth from the first positions on the beaches and cliffs through a complicated system of reserve lines and strong points. Actually, as one phase of a defence against "total war" waged in all three elements, it was necessary to integrate the Army schedule with that of the R.A.F. and Navy.

Irish Problem

The problem was greatly complicated by the Irish political situation, which forbade any "defence union" of north and south to enable the British forces to prepare their positions. Brooke and the High Command were faced with the constant possibility of meeting the German vanguard on a terrain where they had no advantages of detailedly planned defence.

What above everything else got him his new appointment was his knowledge of gunnery, his reputation as the army's leading authority on tanks, and the fact that he had been preaching the modern war of movement at a time when, as one commentator said, "most other officers were inclined to think in terms of the horse."

Brilliant at Dunkirk

Sir Alan was born in France, July 23, 1883, member of a North Irish family known as the "fighting Brookes." He entered the Army in 1902, as a gunner officer. During the World War, in which he had four years' artillery staff service, was mentioned six times in dispatches, and received the D.S.O., with the bar.

His wide military experience included service in Ireland and India. He was well-known in the Army for his efficiency as Commander of the School of Artillery, and is credited with one big contribution to gunnery, the "barrage map" which during the last war came into common use for direction.

As commander of the Second Corps in France, he took part in the ill-starred advance into the low countries in May, 1940. When the German break-through at Sedan and the collapse of Belgian resistance put the whole B.E.F. in jeopardy, Brooke played a major part in the rearguard action to the Dunkirk beaches. His entire corps, in the opinion of other British officers, fought brilliantly.

Sir Alan spent several days himself on the Dunkirk beaches, while the evacuation was miraculously succeeded under intense air and artillery bombardment. Returning to England, he was received by the King, to whom he gave a first-hand account of the fighting. He was knighted for his own part in the campaign.

ANTARCTIC'S OIL, COAL TREASURES

By OTTO JANSEN

(UNITED PRESS STAFF CORRESPONDENT)

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1 (UP)—Down at the "bottom" of the world in the vast, mysterious Antarctic Continent lies a huge treasure in coal and other minerals, awaiting the day when man's ingenuity or necessity will lead him to exploit it, experts here say.

Members of the United States Antarctic Expedition who are exploring parts of the continent's 5,000,000 square miles, believe such valuable as petroleum, pitchblend, gold and numerous other minerals lie beneath the ice and snow of the great land mass.

Evidence of huge coal deposits—probably sufficient to supply man's needs for many decades—already has been found somewhere near the South Pole. Even if it were physically possible, exploitation would be out of the question now, because of the great expense involved, but someday such may not be the case, they say.

The discovery of coal, among other things, convinced scientists that Antarctic was at one time tropical or semi-tropical. Hence, they say, it is reasonable to expect that all remains of a lost climate may be hidden here.

"But the continent has been uncovered for many thousands of years and for this reason scientists and the Antarctic of tremendous interest scientifically. They say that among other things, it gives a clue to what the region now is, comparing Coal and the northern part of the United



THE CHANGELING

Hitler's "plan" for Europe

A WARNING

BY

W. N. EWERT

Diplomatic Correspondent

as unsavable or not worth saving at such a price, and to withdraw, once for all, into isolation.

It is running enough. It seems quite probable that (whether the German strategy is to be a desperate invasion or a war of attrition, and nerves by sea and air) we are going to be faced by a kind of permanent peace offensive.

The theme will be continually: "Britain can have peace without sacrifice if she will just agree to leave Europe to work out its own destiny."

For American consumption the thesis can be suitably dressed in the attractive guise of a "Monroe doctrine" for Europe."

HIS OLD DODGE

It is the old familiar Hitler dodge. "Just give me this, and I shall be satisfied, and we can all be friends, and you can have lasting peace."

Appeal has grown indeed. Once all he professed to want was the Rhineland and a new Locarno. Now it is all Europe and a "Monroe doctrine."

But, now as then, the proposal is a sham. What Hitler is after is not peace but a pause.

Nothing would suit him better than a cessation of war while he reorganized all Europe and its resources for the service of his war machine.

It would be only a pause—as after the Rhineland, as after Austria, after Munich.

As soon as he felt ready again the next blow would be struck.

It might well be not against us, but against Russia. To play West against East and East against West has always been Hitler's strategy.

He plays up to Stalin in these days, because he wants Russia to stand by while he is busy in the West.

MADMAN'S DREAM

But once all was quiet again in the West he could turn his attention Eastward. Indeed, he must, for the Balkans, and if possible the Ukraine, and the Caucasus, are essential to his European plan.

That behind of Russia which fills pages of "Mein Kampf" is still there, though concealed for the time being.

There are odd hints here and there in this new propaganda that there are other "outsiders" that the British to be "chased out of Europe."

In short, Hitler hopes that as Russia has stood by while he overran the West, we shall stand by while he overruns the East. When would come our turn again, with all the resources of his new conquests massed for the final struggle, which, could he win it, would add mastery of the seas to the mastery of Europe, and so give the German peoples to their fate.

A madman's dream if you will. But a dream that is being translated into a deliberate and carefully planned policy.

This is the purpose behind Goebbel's new campaign to tell the world that all Germany wants is that Britain should content herself with her present holdings and leave Europe alone.

There are odd hints here and there in this new propaganda that there are other "outsiders" that the British to be "chased out of Europe."

And there are mysterious, concerning movements.

Few Raiders Penetrate Defences LONDON RECEIVES THREE VISITS

LONDON, Oct. 3 (UP).—There were three German bombing raids on London up to 4 p.m. to-day. Dodging through the rain clouds, they encountered anti-aircraft barrages but dropped some bombs.

It is officially stated that single German bombers made widespread attacks on England throughout the day, bombing a number of London boroughs in the Thames Valley, Essex, Kent, Cornwall and the midlands.

Raids in Rain.

The intermittent barrages in the London area during the third alarm was reminiscent of the night raids which were heightened owing to the overcast skies, the mist and rain causing a near blackout with the lights blazing in offices and stores.

Traffic, however, was circulating almost normally and numerous strollers were on the streets.

The east London barrage was described as being very heavy at night time. It is reported that planes were heard passing over the district every few minutes. Low flying planes were heard over central London.

German Claims

BERLIN, Oct. 3 (UP).—Informed circles said the weather over the English Channel to-day was excellent for German attacks on England, in addition to mass formation raids on London. One successful surprise attack was made on an aerodrome in central England.

The official news agency said that several Dornier-17s raided an airport in mid-England where many planes were on the ground. A number of Spitfires were damaged or destroyed.

At 8 p.m., the official news agency said that over 200 German bombers hit several Dornier-17s in relays during the day and dropped 150,000 kilograms of bombs. Tremendous fires were observed at nine different points. The attacks and air battles are continuing.

VICHY VICTIMS

Tried For War Guilt

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—Fifty-three witnesses in the French war-guilt trial in Riom have been heard by the Supreme Court in the last few days, according to the Lyons radio.

The witnesses included Generals Weygand, Colson, Georges, Vullemin, Blanchard and Mittelhauser and M. Georges Bonnet, the former Foreign Minister.

M. Guy La Chambre, former Air Minister, M. Duladier, the former Premier, and General Gamelin, the former Allied Generalissimo, were also questioned.

Property Confiscated

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—Amongst the latest properties to be confiscated by the Vichy Government are those belonging to the noted journalists, Madame Tabouis and "Perlin".

RUSSIANS USED AS TOOLS BY NANKING

CHUNGKING, Oct. 4 (Central News).—N. Ivanov, so-called chairman of the new Japanese-controlled Russian Emigrants Committee in Shanghai, protested to Mr. G. Godfrey Phillips, Secretary-General of the Shanghai Municipal Council, over the handing over of Russian criminals to the First Special District Court in the International Settlement for trial.

This Court is still under the Chungking Government. In accordance with "instructions" from the Nanking regime Ivanov requested the International Settlement some time ago to send Russian law offenders to the Nanking "court" for trial.

Interviewed by the Press, Mr. Phillips refused to comment.

Major K. M. Bourne, Commissioner of the S.M.C. Police, previously declared that the S.M.C. Police Department would continue to send Russian criminals to the First Special District Court.

Dictators To Meet Again

SPECIAL TO THE TELEGRAPH

BERLIN, Oct. 3 (UP).—It is believed that Hitler will meet Mussolini at Brenner Pass to-morrow.

It is understood that Herr von Ribbentrop left Berlin by train at 6 p.m. for an unknown destination but it is assumed he went to Brenner.

Mussolini On Way

ROME, Oct. 3 (UP).—An unconfirmed report says that Mussolini has already enroute to Brenner Pass to meet Hitler.

It is understood the discussions will include article 5 of the Tripartite pact by which the door is left open regarding the future relations with Russia, and it is even suggested that M. Molotov, the Russian Foreign Minister, might be a party to such a meeting.

ANOTHER BRITON DISAPPEARS

BUCHAREST, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—Another British subject has been kidnapped.

Mr. Percy Clark, the 60-year-old head of a British engineering firm at Poesti, was taken from his room in a Bucharest hotel by three youths in civilian clothes, who forced him to accompany them to an unknown destination.

Miller Mystery

BUCHAREST, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—A further note regarding the unexplained detention of five British subjects was lodged by the British Minister in Bucharest, Sir Reginald Horne, this evening.

The note demands information as to when the arrested persons will be released, or alternatively, the exact nature of the charges against them and when it is proposed that they be tried.

Both Police and the Iron Guard continue to deny knowledge of the arrest of Miller, administrator of the Astra Romana Oil Company.

Miller Mystery

BUCHAREST, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—Speaking in Glasgow, Air Vice-Marshal R. E. Saul of the Fighter Command claimed that man for man the R.A.F. were much superior to the German air force.

He said of the massed formations which came over the south coast, once the R.A.F. had picked off the leaders, the rest were easily scattered.

Individual aircraft got through because the R.A.F. could not hope to pick out everyone of them in thick clouds.

Australian Meats For Britain

Another Contract Made

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—A renewal of the contract between the Ministry of Food and the Australian authorities for the supply of meat to Britain is on the verge of signature, "Reuter" understands.

The present contract, which expired at the end of September, assured the import of 200,000 tons of meat of all kinds, but owing to pressure on British storage capacity and the presence of more than adequate supplies here, rather less than that amount was actually shipped.

It is believed that final details regarding the exact amount under the new contract are not decided but it is expected that it will be about 250,000 tons of beef, mutton and pork.

The general price level is said to be much the same as in last year's contract with a few minor adjustments, mostly in a downward direction.

English Children Reach Canada

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—A liner bringing 31 children, evacuated by the British Government, landed safely in an east Canadian port today.

Congratulations To Canadian Navy

LONDON, Oct. 3 (British Wireless).—The following cable has been received by the Canadian Government from the First Lord of the Admiralty:

"Please convey congratulations to all concerned on the capture of the German ship Weser. This early success for H.M. Canadian ship Prince Robert on her maiden voyage, I am sure, is a good augury for the future."

Wishful Thinking

"The familiar process of wishful thinking may have made it possible for them to believe that Germany had it in her power to achieve those results. But granted these assumptions, Japan was already drawing

FOOD PIRATES

Spain Cracks Down With New Law

SPECIAL TO THE TELEGRAPH

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 3 (UP).—The "United Press" correspondent at Malmo reports that a heavy bomber, believed to have been British, dropped heavy bombs on the public park at 2:30 a.m., to-day causing very loud explosions, and terrifying the inhabitants.

Swedish anti-aircraft, opened fire, but the bomber escaped after laying mines at Oresund, flying in the direction of Copenhagen.

No Casualties

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—The Swedish radio to-day announced that foreign planes dropped bombs near Malmo during the night.

The bombs did some damage but no one was injured.

The Swedish Government are asking the Riksdag for another £2,000,000 for defence purposes.

EGYPT PREPARES Treasures Stored Away

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—Egypt is taking suitable precautions to protect and preserve her literary treasures from the dangers of air raids.

Many thousands of valuable manuscripts, ancient copies of the Koran and other sacred books are being stored away from danger in a huge cave in the hills behind the old city of Cairo.

This cave incidentally was used by the ancient Egyptians as a safe storage place in time of war.

BRITAIN'S AIR SUPERIORITY

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to pick out everyone of them in thick

clouds.

SPAIN WANTS TO STAY OUT

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—Mes-

sages from Spanish sources in Berlin

continue to stress the belief that

Spain will take no active part in the

war and for that reason, says one

correspondent, some Central Ameri-

can countries, which are requesting

President Roosevelt to intervene with

General Franco and keep Spain out of war, are merely working with the

current as General Franco is keeping

out of his own free will.

NEW SPANISH LINER

SAILS FOR S. AMERICA

WITH ENVOY ABOARD

MADRID, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—The

newly-acquired Spanish liner, Cabo

de Hornos, is sailing from Vigo on her

first voyage to South America under

the Spanish flag to-day.

Passengers include the Marques

de Mafaz, the new Spanish Ambas-

sador to the Argentine, who formerly

represented Spain in Berlin.

Clipper Due To-day

The American Clipper is due to ar-

rive this afternoon with passengers

and mail from San Francisco and will

leave for Manila to-morrow.

"TIMES" DISCUSSES FAR EAST SITUATION

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—The "Times" in a leader to-day

discusses the case of Japan in relation to the new tripartite pact.

It says: "While the motives of

Nazi diplomacy are transparent,

reflection has done little to

elucidate the question of what

Japan can have hoped to gain

from a closer association with

the Axis.

"Japanese statesmen have no doubt

found it plausible to argue that if

Germany defeated Britain and im-

mobbed the United States by threat

of intervention in the Americas,

Japan would remain undisputed

mistress of the Pacific.

Japan's Choice

"Like Germany in Europe, Japan

could, if she had chosen the path of

peaceful co-operation and partner-

ship, have played a predominant and

respected role in the economic de-

velopment of China. Like Germany,

Japan lacked the necessary self-con-

fidence and self-restraint for this task

and plunged recklessly down the path

of ruthlessness and domination.

"The many attempts made both by

Great Britain and the United States

to retrieve past errors and to reach a

sympathetic understanding of Japanese

needs were treated as a sign of

weakness and used as a starting point

for fresh aggression."

After stating that Japan's progress

in the last three years has been

accompanied by deliberate provoc-

ation of the Western Powers, the

"Times" adds: "The pact now con-

cluded with the Axis marks a further

"Captain Foster's" Racing Review

'DOUBLE TENTH' MEET TO-MORROW

Wide Competition For Major Event

Cantala Handicap

BIG FIELD FOR DAILY DOUBLE

THE MOST IMPORTANT RACE to-morrow is the Cantala Handicap which has been selected for the first leg of the daily double event with the inclusion of a pool of \$6,425 carried over from the last meeting.

There are 23 entries of "B" class Australian ponies and the run is over the champion course. The grass track will again be cramped, but luckily the jaunt is over 1½ miles.

On the form book a Roaring Time, Fair Chance, Franklin, Murrumbidgee, Rowan, Sydney Lad, Triumphant Day and Vixen Tor have proved that they can last the distance, and we have a nice list from which to find the first leg.

My best three are Fair Chance, Sydney Lad and Rowan. Murrumbidgee and Vixen Tor are dangerous enough to upset the applecart.

Austin H'cap (2nd Sect.)

Second Leg Of Daily Double

Sporting Chance For King Kong

THE SECOND LEG of the daily double is on the Austin Handicap (second section) for "B" class China ponies over a mile.

The result of the Lamia Handicap (second section) over the champion course at the Whitsun meeting was Gay Star, Expansion Time (141 lbs), and Aven (108 lbs), with others such as Rose Jane, Just In Time, King Kong, Peaceful View, and Rob Roy following in the rear.

King Star has been assigned to the first division, but the adjustment of weights has favoured King Kong to the extent of a stone against Expansion Time, and Peaceful View has a gain of 10 lbs against Avon.

This should be seriously considered and taking everything in the balance King Kong has a good sporting chance. How good is hard to say. Eve of Resonance we have not got a line. As Sir Victor's candidate has been ranked to be on the same level with Avon, we shall see how it will work out to-morrow.

Williamstown H'cap

THE FINAL EVENT OF THE DAY

THE LAST EVENT on the card will be the Williamstown Handicap for "D" class Australian ponies and it seems to me that the mile run is very open.

With the exception of Dick Turpin and Tammie (both of whom had a win in Farnham and Macrao respectively) all others have not as yet been able to make their acquaintance with the judges, and there are altogether 115 four-footed nobbs.

I expect Catterick Bridge, Grand Alligator and Warrrego River to be in the limelight.

Jordan H'cap (2nd Sect.)

This Time At Top Of The Ladder

A GOOD FIELD of "has been" sprinters will be seen in the Jordan Handicap (second section) for "B" class China ponies from the 1½ mile post, and it looks that anything may happen. At the last meeting they were ridden by novices, whereas to-morrow, the "D" class racers will have the services of experienced jockeys.

This Time has been brought down from the first section, and he is at the top of the ladder together with Bresny and Double Chance. I like This Time over a distance, and with Wel in the saddle the combination is a menace to all.

Emergency Call and Talkative are in the middle of the handicaps. The former should not be forgotten as having paid \$207.80 for a win in the Shatin Handicap over this short trip, while the latter returned a dividend of \$60.80 for a win in the West River Handicap over six furlongs.

Among the low weight carriers, Asco Vale looks good, to be followed by Valoroso. If Talkative makes up his mind to run, your money is a safe investment.

Austin H'cap (1st Sect.)

CONQUERING TIME WORTH WATCHING

Mr. EU TONG-SEN'S Blue Express, whose last outing was on November 18, has been assigned to the first section of the Austin Handicap for "B" class China ponies over the mile, and it is my firm belief that the bay is not keyed for the event.

There is a talk that Resisting Time will start here instead of the opening event, but I have my doubts because the opposition is much stronger.

I believe that Conquering Time will be added with Wel as the rider and the combination is worth following.

Hopeful Star is better over a mile than a short trip, and the grey has a golden opportunity to atone for his failure at the last meeting.

Bear Claw seems to have lost a great deal of his ability, but with a few pounds of lead fastened the brown should stage a comeback.

HAPPY LANDINGS



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THE EIGHT EXTRA RACE MEETING, better known among the racing owners and men of the turf as the "Double Tenth Meeting," is a two-day affair with eight attractive events on the programme for each day.

Extra Interest In The Daily Double Pool

To-morrow the October Handicap for China ponies over the champion course is the major contest, while on Thursday the Double Tenth Plate for the same class of China steeds, a sprint from the 1½ mile post (about half mile 155 yards), will be the main fight.

Carnarvon Stakes

Opening Event For Novice Riders

THE DOUBLE TENTH Carnival opens with a novice event for China ponies, griffins of this season, that have won less than \$750 in stakes, and the Carnarvon Stakes has not been able to draw more than ten entries.

It is interesting that in connection with the last pool of \$7,523 (which was carried over from the St. Andrew's Meeting) the number of tickets sold for the new gamble reached a colossal figure of 11,528 (valued \$57,040), but the total sale of tomorrow's daily double is, of course, a matter for conjecture.

The Stewards have selected the Carnarvon Handicap for "B" class Australian ponies (23 entries) and the Austin Handicap (second section) for "B" class China ponies (14 classified) for the Daily Double event, and spotting the winners is not going to be easy.

Double Tenth Plate

IT has always been the ambition of non-European owners to annex the Double Tenth Plate, and since the inception of this classic sprint in 1930, Chinese owners have scored only three successes; the late Mr. Chan Tin-sion being the first with Zorhan. It was followed by Mr. Chan Wai-sang's Nippy, and the third win was registered in 1936 by Soldier of Britain belonging to Mr. Li Shiu-pang.

Last year Mr. Eu Tong-sen made a strong bid with his champion mare, Rose Elect, ridden by C. Encarnacao, but the biggest sensation of that meet was the dead failure of the formidable Rose Elect, who ran unplaced, and this was, of course, the mare's first "knock out" after a sequence of five successful outings in the Malden Stakes, the Hongkong Derby, the Champions, the Hongkong Handicap and the Easter Stakes.

It was learned after the race that the triple crown winner had strained a tendon, and Rose Elect never raced again.

Without prejudice it was a costly ambition, but it could have happened to any owner.

T. K. LI'S NOMINATIONS

WITH the acquisition of Mr. Dunbar's string of racers coupled with his own, Mr. T. K. Li has nominated Confusion Bay, Dupont Bay, Mount Hope Bay and Oonagh for the Double Tenth Plate and I have not been able to ascertain which will be Mr. Needea's mount.

Being a handicap scramble from the 1½ mile post, I will not discuss the prospects until the handicaps have been announced, but it looks that Mr. Li's chances are very rosy this season.

Other Chinese entries are Distinctive Time and White Diamond. Mrs. Tiggard's Craigavon and Mr. Bradbury's Greber and Johnber will no doubt try their level best to steal the plate, just so will Sir Victor Sassoona with his Eve of Harvest, who will try to duplicate the win.

First Club Rugger Trial Next Wednesday

THE FOLLOWING two fifteens have been selected to play in the Hongkong Football Club Rugby Section's first trial game on Wednesday, October 9, on the Club ground at 5.15 p.m.

Whitney, F. M. Thompson, P. B. Wilson, D. Hyne, E. J. Hopkins and H. Van Leeuwen; T. O. Morgan and J. Clemer; C. G. Gaillard, L. L. Dunn, D. Murray, J. A. Birt and R. Leathem.

Colours—Moore, R. M., Levell, M. G., Curthoys, G. G., Aitkenhead, M. D. B., Day and C. G. Thredder.

J. G. Cartlidge, B. B. B. and W. H. H. Moore; S. Lee, J. Moodie, A. G. Delisle, W. Stoker and G. G. Davies.

RESERVES

The following reserves are requested to be on the field, with one White and one coloured jersey at the same time as they will be called upon to play during the trial:

H. J. Thompson, H. C. Thompson, H. D. Bidwell, C. T. Thompson, G. G. Davies.

INTERNATIONAL TEAM

The following will represent International Athletic Club in their Third Division League football match against Royal Engineers at Happy Valley on Saturday, October 12, commencing at 2.00 p.m. on both days.

The First Bell will be rung at 1.30 p.m. on each day.

MEMBERS' ENCLOSURE

No One without a badge will be admitted to the Members' Enclosure.

Such must be worn throughout the duration of each Meeting in such a manner as to be readily identified.

Badges admitting Non-Members to the Members' Enclosure and Club Room at \$5.00 per day for Gentlemen and \$3.00 (per day) for Ladies (both including tax) are obtainable through the SECRETARY upon the personal or written application of a Member, such Member to be responsible for all visitors introduced by him and for payment of all Club expenses.

The Address of Office, 12th Floor, Exchange Building, Tel. 27754, and telephone 124-125, Exchange Street, is the Club House provided therefor and is obtainable from the NYMPC, Tel. 21920, 10-11 a.m. in 1940.

PUBLIC ENCLOSURE

The price of admission for the

F. A. MEETING

A MEETING of the Council of the Hongkong Football Association will be held in the Association's office on Wednesday, October 9, at 5.30 p.m.

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and is obtainable from the NYMPC,

Tel. 21920, 10-11 a.m. in 1940.

PUBLIC ENCLOSURE

The price of admission for the

Public Meeting will be \$1.00 including

admission to the Gates, Spectators

and Sellers in Uniform and a

Half Price.

By Order of

C. T. THOMPSON, President.

World Series Baseball

Cardinal vs.

Cincinnati Reds

Avenge First Defeat

Detroit Tigers Beaten 5-3

CINCINNATI, Oct. 3. (UP)—Cincinnati Reds avenged yesterday's defeat in the first game of the World Series when they beat the Detroit Tigers 5-3 today and evened up the games score.

Walters, "Reds" pitcher, was the wonder of the day, and with his sinker ball sank the Tigers, silencing the Tiger batters and allowing only three measly hits. Rowe, Tigers' pitcher, got a lesson he will long remember.

Walters might have made it a complete shut-out but for a couple of wild breaks when he lost control over his sinker.

The Reds drew Rowe from the mound in the fourth inning, after which rookie John Gorsica limited the Reds to one hit.

THE SCORING

In Tigers' first inning, McCosky walked, and when Gehring singled he scored Bartell and sent McCosky to third, from whence he scored when Greenberg hit a double.

In the second frame, the Reds came into the picture. McCormick singled to left field; Ripple popped one up; then Wilson singled to right field and sent McCormick to second. Jost singled to centre and scored with McCormick.

Myers clouted a single past Higgins and added to the score when Wilson crossed the plate.

Reds added another two runs in the third frame when Ripple homered with Goodman aboard.

Last of the Reds' tallies came in the fourth when Walters doubled to left, and came home when Werber also knocked a two-bagger.

Tigers valiantly rallied in the sixth canto. McCosky walked and was forced to second by Gehring. On Greenberg's double, Gehring scored.

Score card:

	AB	R	H	2B	3B	HR	AS	E

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CLIFFORD STUDIO
AIR-CONDITIONED THEATRE
SHOWING TO-DAY At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.

STEPPING OUT WITH Deanna
Come along for a lulu of a time in Honolulu with Deanna and her two sun-tanned suitors!
Deanna DURBIN in *It's a Date*
on KAY'S
FRANCIS
WALTER PIDGEON
Lewis HOWARD
Eugene PALLETTE
HARRY OWENS and
the Royal Hawaiian
A JOE PASTERNAK PRODUCTION

NEXT CHANGE George RAFT - Joan BENNETT in
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THE MAN IN IRON MASK
with WARREN WILLIAM - LOUIS HAYWARD
A United Artists Picture

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THEATRE
NATHAN ROAD, KOWLOON
MATINEES 20c. 30c. EVENINGS 20c. 30c. 50c. 70c.
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A RIOTOUS, EXCITING, FREE-FOR-ALL ENTERTAINMENT!

BILLY HALOP and HUNTZ HALL
DEAD END KIDS
LITTLE TOUGH GUYS
Call a MESSENGER
Mary CARLISLE - Latty CLARKE
El REINDEL - Anna MAGEL
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Story by ARTHUR LUBIN Based on original story by Sally Sandlin and Michael Krantz
Directed by ARTHUR LUBIN Associate Producer: KEN GOLDSMITH
A NEW UNIVERSAL PICTURE

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COLOURFUL! STIRRING! IN TECHNICOLOR!
"SWANEE RIVER"
DON AMECHE - ANDREA LEADS - AL JOLSON
A 20th Century Fox Picture

Printed and Published by the Hongkong Telegraph Company, Percy Frankland,
8 Wyndham Street, in the City of Victoria, Hongkong.

The Man Who Came Back

German is released

Son of a former wealthy Frankfurt banker, Mr. Frederick Coustot went to Britain from Germany as a young man to study agriculture.

While a student on a farm in the Isle of Man he eloped with one of the six pretty daughters of a Manx rector.

After living for some years in the Isle of Man, Mr. Coustot took his wife to Germany.

Sons Joined Up

When the last war broke out he was called up as a German of military age, and served on the Russian front.

After the armistice the family returned to England to live.

Then the present war began, and the three sons of Mr. and Mrs. Coustot joined up, two in the British Army and one in the R.A.F.

But their father was interned in the big round-up of aliens in the spring.

Mr. Coustot was shipped under armed guard to the Isle of Man, island of his romantic memories.

Released

He suffered ill-health, and the close confinement of an internment camp did not help matters.

He applied for release and recently there was a happy ending to the story.

Liberated under a Home Office order, he now reunited with his wife in Harrogate.

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DEPENDABLE USED CARS

Model	Description	Price
1937 Studebaker Coupe	\$2,200	
1938 Vauxhall '10' Saloon	\$2,200	
1939 Austin '8' Saloon	\$2,200	
1940 Hillman Minx Saloon	\$3,400	

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FOR THE FAR EAST
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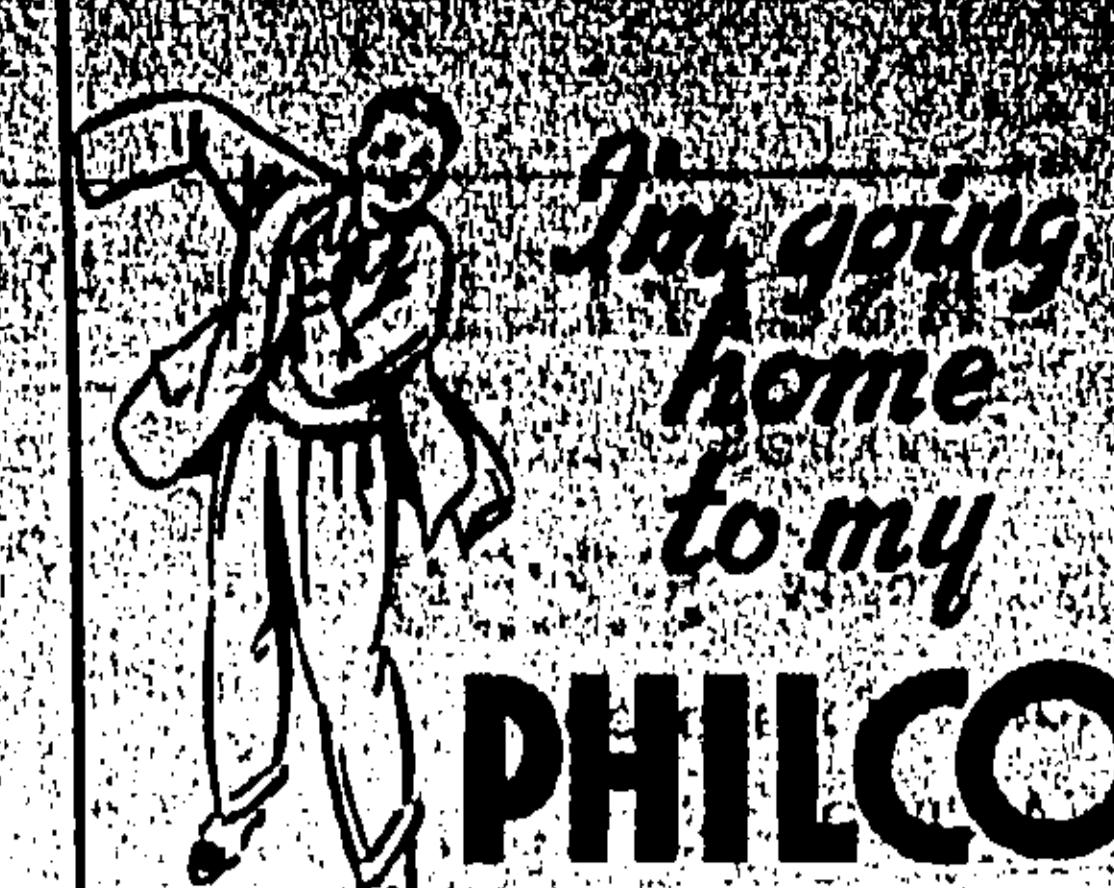
HONGKONG TELEGRAPH

FOUNDED 1911
No. 12772

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1940.

SINGLE COPY 10 CENTS
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FINAL DRAFT



Mr. Quo Tai-chi's Interview With Premier

BURMA ROAD ISSUE IS DISCUSSED: REOPENING CONSIDERED CERTAIN

Special to the "Telegraph"

LONDON, OCT. 3 (UP).—MR. WINSTON CHURCHILL'S FIRST POLITICAL GESTURE, FOLLOWING THE RESHUFFLE AND REBALANCING OF THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT, WAS TO RECEIVE THE CHINESE AMBASSADOR, DR. QUO TAI-CHI TO-DAY. IT IS BELIEVED HE INFORMED THE AMBASSADOR OF THE BRITISH DECISION TO REOPEN THE BURMA ROAD.

It is understood that the Ambassador raised the question of British financial and economic assistance to China while he commended the United States recent loan to China as a policy worth emulating in view of the defence of the Pacific.

Mr. Churchill last received Dr. Quo Tai-chi on July 25 when he explained the reasons which prompted Britain to close the Burma Road, and emphasised Britain's desire to avoid a clash with Japan.

The intervening months appear to have convinced influential Government quarters that appeasement has proved a failure in the Far East.

Japan's despatch of troops to Indo-China, and the reported occupation of naval and air bases there which followed the conclusion of the tripartite alliance has persuaded responsible British quarters that new methods are required to meet the new situation.

Tokyo Reaction

TOKYO, Oct. 4 (UP).—The first measure of increased Anglo-American pressure against Japan on account of the tripartite alliance in all probability will be the reopening of the Burma Road, declares the "Kokumin Shimbun" to-day.

"It is obvious that the United States is at the back of all this mischief," the paper asserts, and adds that the British anti-Japanese manoeuvres cannot be understood with Britain doomed in Europe.

"Whilst the Japanese evacuation from London does not mean the immediate entry of Japan into the European war, Britain should know the evacuation is not caused by difficulties of living or trade there," the paper states.

Other vernacular papers said that unless Britain and the United States "openly show their teeth against Japan by deliberately perverting the tripartite pact or through imaginary fears" there is no reason why Japan should not try to remain on friendly terms with them.

Asserting that it all depends on Britain and the United States future attitude, the paper said Japan should adopt a calm "wait and see" attitude.

Score Direct Hits

It was shortly after 10 p.m. when the first raider scored direct hits on the target and started four separate fires which spread and merged into one.

From then, target-finding was easy for the continuous succession of bombers which unloaded high explosive bombs in the centre of the target area.

Later a second fire started and in the words of the Air Ministry news service "both fires were still burning strongly, sending great clouds of black smoke billowing across the River Elbe, as the last of the attacking forces turned for home."

Mrs. Eldon Potter, of 110 The Peak, reported to the Police yesterday that someone stole a woollen jumper from her motor car, No. 2088, while it was parked outside 483 The Peak, yesterday.

Purchase Tax In Britain Starting This Month

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—The Purchase Tax will come into operation on October 21.

The Treasury has made an order to this effect which will be submitted to Parliament for approval in accordance with the terms of the Finance Act.

All taxable goods which are delivered under chargeable purchases after this date, will be subject to tax. The Purchase Tax, which was the surprise feature in the second War Budget in April, is a tax on sales. It will be charged by wholesalers to retailers and will mean that everyday articles such as household goods, clothes and drapery will cost more. The heaviest scale of the tax will be borne by luxuries.

Its purpose is to limit home expenditure with a view to avoiding the risk of inflation. It will be worked on a percentage basis.

Italian Threat To Greece Reported

ATHENS, Oct. 3 (UP).—It is reported here that Greek troops have been transferred to the Greek-Albanian border where they are rumoured to have been recently reinforced.

Naturally, they then naturally

BRITAIN'S LEADER, 1940 STUDY



The Right Hon. Winston Leonard Spencer Churchill, C.H., M.P., Prime Minister of Great Britain.

This is the man who leads Britain to-day. One of his many hats on his head, cigar between smiling lips, Tommy gun under his arm. Picture of the Premier was taken on a tour of coastal fortifications and defence works in the North-East of England.

New Indo-China Thailand Situation

TROOPS, PLANES REPORTED MASSING

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BANGKOK, Oct. 4, (Domestic).—The Indo-China-Thailand tension arising from the Thai demands for the recovery of territory in the Mekong River area continues unabated as both countries are massing forces along the border following a series of border incidents.

Reports reaching here disclose that a formation of Thai military planes, while flying over the border area was fired upon by Indo-Chinese forces recently, while on September 30 a large size French plane penetrated Thai territory and flew over Sakon Lakon in northeastern Thailand.

Warplanes Massed

Thailand is reported to have massed 60 warplanes on the northeastern border, while Indo-China has also concentrated considerable forces including artillery, machine-guns and aircraft in the border area.

Local inhabitants are said to have been evacuated on the French Indo-China border, where air raid precautions, including light control, have been enforced.

Hanoi Situation

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH". HANOI, Oct. 3 (UP).—General Sumita landed at Hanoi this morning ready to take over the post of General Nishihara in continuing the negotiations between the French and the Japanese.

That Japanese have already overtaken the terms of the convention of September 22 is admitted by French officials to-day. However, it is officially declared that the Japanese have not yet made any demands regarding Indo-China territory beyond Tonkin. The Japanese are to maintain their army staff headquarters at Hanoi. The Admiral's staff will be in charge of the naval air force based at nearby Gia Lam airport, but will have headquarters at Hanoi also.

Provisions for Japanese military headquarters were not included in the known terms of the agreement of September 22. The occupation of Gia Lam airport across the river from

TURN to Page 2, Column One

LATEST

French Plane Due In H.K.

For the first time for many months an Air France plane is due to come to Hongkong. A special plane is being sent from Hanoi to-morrow to pick up the French Ambassador, M. Henri Coombe, and the two members of the Indo-China Mission to Washington, Col. Henri Jacquot and M. G. Goerly. They have just returned from the United States by Clipper.

Their mission included negotiations for planes and munitions but the representatives refused to-day to divulge whether they had been successful in their quest, confirming themselves to the observation that they had been courteously received.

See Back Page For Further Late News

Briton, Held Captive By Japanese, Made Envelopes Ringer Brothers Describe Experiences

One of the Britons recently arrested in Japan on charges of espionage did not know his brother had also been arrested until both were released seven weeks later.

The brothers, Mr. Michael Ringer and Mr. V. Ringer are both in Hongkong on their way to join the Indian Army.

"We were treated reasonably well except for the eternal questioning," said Mr. V. Ringer. "A Japanese at the military police headquarters showed me a Japanese newspaper with the account of Mr. Cox's death. He was reprimanded for that.

"We were allowed to have our mail sent in, in order to write to the British consul although neither the consul nor my wife was allowed to visit me.

"We were allowed to have a limited number of books. But only serious books were allowed. The censors TURN to Page 2, Column One.

To-Morrow's Fascinating Ten-Page Supplement

The "Telegraph's" 10-page Saturday Supplement, which has become the most popular feature in Hongkong journalism, will to-morrow again offer the week's best reading entertainment.

In addition to the pictorial supplement, illustrating local events of the week, the same will contain a full-page picture-story of the cholera scourge in Hongkong—a timely and informative study of the conditions which contribute so greatly to the Colony's annual epidemic.

Additionally there will be the customary contribution by "Scrutineer," whose comments on international affairs has already gained considerable prestige in and around Hongkong. "John Blunt" has some pertinent notes on local and general topics, and there will appear an exclusive and penetrating article by W. N. Ewer, the famous diplomatic correspondent.

Finally the issue will be featured by the return of the "Telegraph's" famous humorist "Erbert 'Mug," who tells of his holiday, and other experiences.

BRITAIN ALREADY HAS HAD INVASION ALARMS

Special to the "Telegraph"

NEW YORK, Oct. 3 (UP).—Invasion alarms were sounded along the English coast on August 25 and September 7 but they were kept a secret by British censorship, declared Mr. Vincent Sheehan, noted American author and writer on his return here from Europe by Clipper to-day.

"He said British army and navy forces were alerted to the possible invasions on both coasts of Britain, and that the Germans were then actually invading the British Isles, but that identical code was used during the August 25 alarm.

Soviets Default To British Bondholders

Special to the "Telegraph"

LONDON, Oct. 3 (UP).—Anglo-Russian relations deteriorated further to-day following the Soviet Government's stoppage of payment of coupons due October 1, to bondholders of the British Tsinling Mining Company.

The Soviets have stopped payment of coupons on £24,000,000 in gold bonds held by British and foreign banks, which are deposited in London.

It is believed that Moscow will not resume payment due November 1, to the British Lure Goldmining Company, which is controlled by the Tsinling Company.

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BRITON, CAPTIVE MADE ENVELOPES

▶ FROM PAGE ONE

cut out all pictures of bathing girls from travel magazines.

"I did not have much spare time for reading, anyhow. Questioning took up most of the day."

Inspired By Nazis?

"The primary reason for the arrests was more a general suspicion of Britons than anything specific. We were questioned about the British clubs and about the seamen's institute."

"I think the arrests were largely inspired by Germany."

"Two of the charges against me was that I had bathed on the beach where I had been bathing for 30 years. My brother was charged with listening in to a Shanghai station."

Mr. V. Ringer conducted the family shipping business at Nagasaki and his brother was in charge at Shimoneseki. The firm of Holme, Ringer and Co. has been established in Japan for many years. Their father and mother are still in Japan.

"I was arrested in the street and taken to the military police headquarters for three weeks. I was told that my brother had been arrested and guessed that there must have been others from the line the questioning took."

"Then I had to wait another four weeks for trial. Throughout, I was treated fairly well. In Kobe, I believe, the arrested Englishmen were allowed to stay at an hotel."

Business Closed Down

Mr. Michael Ringer, who was arrested at Shimoneseki said that the branch of the firm—the only western firm in the city—had been closed down.

"They simply told our Japanese employees not to come back. I was treated well enough but I do not know what happened to our Japanese servants and employees."

"My biggest trouble in the seven weeks was filling in time. I was allowed to have books but there were no English books in Shimoneseki so I had to do without."

"I finally asked the police to let me do some work like the other prisoners. I spent weeks making envelopes—5,000 of them."

Both brothers were found guilty at the trial, which was held in camera. Mr. V. Ringer was sentenced to 18 months imprisonment, spread over five years; Mr. M. Ringer to 14 months spread over four years. These sentences were suspended to enable them to leave Japan but could be enforced if they returned within the period.

The brothers, who have considerable property in Japan, both hope to return when their suspension period is over. Mr. V. Ringer is accompanied by his wife and daughter.

TROOP, PLANES MASSING

▶ FROM PAGE ONE

Hanoi started today. One naval plane and crews landed from Canton. The first group for the military garrison at Gia Lam has arrived including 10 officers and 200 men.

Laosong Situation

The situation at Laosong is believed to be clearing. Officials announced that a total of 2,100 prisoners may be arriving October 4.

The Down batteries near Haiphong were returned to the French by the Japanese in a formal ceremony, the French raising their flag and replacing the Japanese sentries. Three loaded Japanese transports have left Haiphong. In the future, the Haiphong garrison will consist of 200 men plus 700 men of the service corps in charge of transport.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS DONATIONS TO FUND FOR BRITISH BOMBER

A total of \$1,634,756.62 was received yesterday by the War Fund, inaugurated by the S. C. M. Post, Ltd. The latest donations are:

Mr. W. M. Stanley, \$2,000 "Sale of Scrap" (further donation).
Stenographers, Clerks, Ballots, Interpreters and Messengers of the Canadian Consulate, \$100.
Mr. Stewart Duncan, \$100.
Capt. Geo. Wright (4th monthly contribution), \$100.
Mr. A. L. Lee, \$100.
Capt. E. H. Histed, \$100.
"Collection of 100-cent pieces," \$100.

COLLECTORS OF RAID VICTIMS

The S. C. M. Post, Ltd. made the following donation to the Lord Mayor's Fund for relief of victims of the air raid on London, Subt. \$100.

\$2 VINCENT DE PAUL.

The Society of St. Vincent de Paul made the following donations to the Lord Mayor's Fund:

China Underwriters, Ltd., \$10; Mr. H. T. Smith, \$10; Mr. E. H. Chinn, \$10; Mr. J. C. Rossetti, \$10.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

G. S. R.

PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS

of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on Monday, 10th October, 1940, at 3 p.m., at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor of one Lot of Crown Land at Tai Kok Tsui, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 75 years.

Intending bidders are advised that immediately after the disposal of the lot the Purchaser (if not the applicant) will be required to deposit with an authorised officer who will be present at the sale, the sum of two hundred dollars, (\$200, in cash. This sum will be refunded on payment of the Purchase price.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale	Registry No.	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in feet	Ans. feet	Ans. feet
1	Reg. No. 400	Tai Kok Tsui	as per sale plan.	about 1000	about 1000	about 1000

NOTICE

By request of the Acting Consul for Portugal, on Saturday, the 5th of October, anniversary of the Portuguese Republic, in all churches of Hong Kong and Kowloon special masses and prayers will be offered in thanks giving to God for the blessing bestowed on the nation and also to ask our Lord for the cessation of hostilities all over the world and peace.

In the evening at 5.30 p.m. at the Catholic Cathedral there will be a solemn Te Deum preceded by the recitation of the Holy Rosary and prayers for peace.

All faithful are kindly requested to attend the services and specially the Portuguese Nationals. Hongkong, 3rd October, 1940.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that no person is authorised to solicit or collect donations for the War Fund organised by this Company.

All donations, with the exception of those sent through The Hongkong War Effort Committee, or other properly constituted bodies, should be forwarded, and cheques made out to "War Fund—South China Morning Post, Ltd."

R. WYLIE,
General Manager.

→ FROM PAGE ONE

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Swimming Trials

V. Churn Beats Li Po-luen In Women's Breast-stroke

KWOK CHUN-HANG STAGES COME-BACK

(By "Tinker")

HIGHLIGHTS of the interport swimming trials held at the V.R.C. yesterday were the victory of Miss V. Churn over Miss Li Po-luen in the women's 50 yards breast-stroke, and the triumph of Kwok Chun-hang over Fong Chung-yui in the men's 220 yards breast-stroke.

The other two trials were the men's 220 yards back-stroke and the women's 50 yards back-stroke, and in each event A. K. Rumjahn and Miss C. Gutierrez were easy winners. Rumjahn, especially, was in a class of his own, winning as he did by a length of the pool.

Subject to changes that may occur through the arrangement of the programme, these swimmers have selected themselves to represent Hongkong in the coming meet with the Philippines.

Miss Churn made use of the butterfly stroke, and was not hard pressed to win by over a yard, but in the men's breast-stroke there was a very keen struggle between Fong and Kwok, the latter making a come-back after several years absence.

Fong went off at a great pace and established a lead—though slight—which he maintained until almost the end. It was over the last length and a half that Kwok crept gradually forward and beat his challenger by a touch.

FINE VICTORY

Miss C. Gutierrez, one of the youngest and most promising swimmers in the Colony, scored brilliantly over Miss Tsang Fung-kwan in the women's 50 yards back-stroke. Her win was as popular as that which she recorded in the women's 440 yards championship of the Colony.

The results were:

Water-polo Knock-Out Tournament—First Round—Signals 3 (Bennett 2, Allen) beat Royal Scots A 5 (Miller 3, Hunter 2, Best 1); Air Force O, Second Round, Signals 4 (Bennett 2, Bedford, Allen) beat Royal Scots B; Final, Royal Scots (Miller) beat Middlesex 0; Final, Royal Scots A 2 (Miller, Hunter) beat Signals 0.

Invitation Relay—1. V.R.C. A (Eileen Grant, Yvonne Yolle, Jackie Anderson), 2:38 3/5; 2.

WEEK-END GOLF STARTING TIMES

Sunday

OLD COURSE

9.15 Comdr. Hole, J. Linker.
10. T. E. Pearce, J. C. Taylor.
11. Mr. B. D. McCallum, R. Parry.
12. A. N. & Q. A. Macfadyen.
13. K. S. Morrison, H. Geare.
14. A. E. Lissaman, P. W. Redmond.
15. S. T. Butlin, R. Miller.
16. D. S. Robb, S. Robertson.
17. Mr. J. G. Bell, D. McLeod.
18. P. M. Cotton, J. Lampert.
19. H. M. Rowland, D. O. Baldwin.
20. W. W. C. Shewan, D. S. Edward.

London Bears Up Bravely

Spirits As Good As Ever

LONDON, Oct. 4 (London)—The German radio yesterday quoted an unnamed American journalist as having told London newspapermen that he was returning to the United States because conditions in London had become unbearable. Actually this agency interviewed five American journalists including Vincent Sheean and H. R. Knickerbocker and all five fully believe in an English victory.

A commentator of the Mutual Broadcasting Service told his American listeners that Londoners' spirits are good as ever and little or no military damage had been done there. Docks and warehouses have been bombed but the bulk of the damage has been on non-military objectives.

A party of provincial journalists recently toured London and said the damage was not so great as they had expected.

Coolie Gangs Fight

Six street coolies were admitted to the Queen Mary Hospital yesterday, following a free-for-all fight between two rival gangs in the West Point district.

The battle occurred about 5 p.m. and the participants used poles, sticks and other weapons upon each other. The fight broke up when the Police were summoned.

None of the six men in hospital are seriously injured.

SYRIA PINCHED Running Short Of Foods And Fuel

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter)—A Beirut message reports a serious shortage of food in Syria.

All over the country people are queuing up for bread, flour and other rations.

There is a petrol shortage too. Private cars have been ordered off the roads during the month of October. Taxis have had their allowance cut down to 24 gallons a month.

According to an unconfirmed message from Washington, the United States is prepared to repurchase the planes, but the Petain Government says that under the terms of the Armistice with Germany, they are not free to dispose of them.

Reuter Bulletin.

Error Over Eire Now Admitted By Germany

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter)—The German Government will express its regret to the Eire Government for having "erroneously" dropped bombs on Irish territory and will offer to compensate, according to the German official news agency.

The agency stated that investigation has shown that the bombs were launched from an aircraft which had lost its way.

MADRAS WAR FUND

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter)—The sum of £15,000 was cabled to the Air Ministry today from the War Fund raised by the Governor of Madras. The total contributions from this source now amount to £247,800.

Four youths, Lau Kit, Te Po-man, Lam Siu-ping and Ko Chi-foo were each fined \$10 by Mr. Macfadyen at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning for evading payment of ferry

SETTLEMENT TERRORISTS

Injured 8

SHANGHAI, Oct. 4 (Reuter).

Eight Chinese, including one policeman, were injured last night when a grenade was thrown into the offices of the "Bing Pao," the pro-Wang Ching-wai newspaper, in the International Settlement.

Slight damage was done to the recently opened offices. An iron netting protecting the first floor occupied by the composing department broke in the explosion.

The Police cordoned off the block and searched houses in the area.

SHANGHAI STILL FLOODED

Crops Lost

SHANGHAI, Oct. 4 (Reuter).

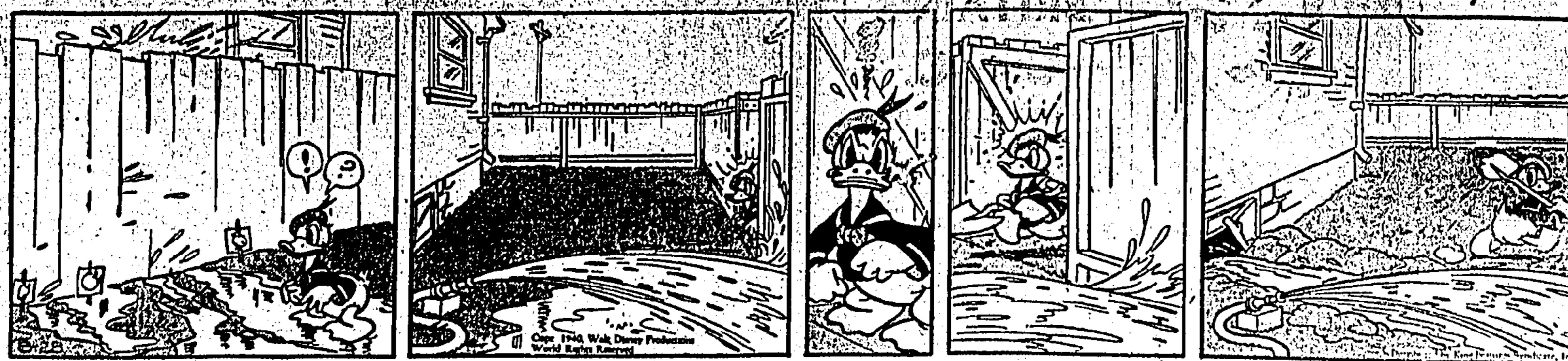
Conditions are gradually returning to normal. The flood waters are disappearing in sunny weather.

Schools, which closed for two days, have partially re-opened.

Many streets are still under water, particularly in the western district outside the Settlement and in the French Concession.

The central, downtown, shopping, theatre and race course districts have emerged from the flood and returned to normal.

Bus and tram services have increased except in the French Con

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ITALY'S GAMBLE IN DESERT**Defeat Will Be Fatal Disaster**

NEW YORK, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—Hitler and Mussolini are expected to meet for an important conference to-morrow.

Hitler, in recent political and diplomatic developments has diverted attention to the military situation in the Middle East which seems likely shortly to become an almost decisive factor in the war.

It is because Marshal Rodolfo Graziani, the Italian commander, realises the importance of the stakes where Italy is concerned, that he is proceeding so slowly, methodically and skilfully.

His task is one of great difficulty since he has not only the question of transport across the desert, water supply and feeding his men and guns but his sea communications with Italy are constantly menaced by the British Fleet.

Geographical conditions make a wide deployment of his forces practically impossible and his long line of communications to the rear are exposed to air and naval attacks.

It is suggested that Germany may send large numbers of Stuka dive-bombers but the question of supply enters here also, while it is pointed out that Hurricanes and Spitfires have dealt successfully with the dive-bombing menace in other fields like Dunkirk.

Invasion's Position Worsening

Another point in Britain's favour is that Italian difficulties will increase with the advance whereas Britain's strength will grow. Hence Marshal Graziani's caution.

His defeat would more than a disaster; it would be fatal. Not only would it mean the end of Abyssinia, which cut off from help, would quickly disintegrate, not only would the situation in Tunis be gravely compromised, but it is doubtful whether the Italian people, already lukewarm about the war and dismasted by privations, would stand for such a setback.

Balkan Angle

Because of the magnitude of the issues involved, there are some suggestions that the Axis may try to keep operations in Libya in cold storage while they seek another line of approach via the Balkans and Syria.

The difficulties which beset such a scheme are many and obvious. An Italian defeat in Libya would probably produce devastating reactions in the Balkans and possibly even farther north.

Mussolini is apparently en route for the meeting.

Reports of the forthcoming meeting have aroused considerable speculation. One suggestion is that a combined winter campaign in Africa might be the chief subject under consideration.

SPAIN WANTS TO STAY OUT

MADRID, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—Messages from Spanish sources in Berlin continue to stress the belief that Spain will take no active part in the war and for that reason, says one correspondent, some Central American countries, which are requesting President Roosevelt to intervene with General Franco and keep Spain out of war, are merely working with the current as General Franco is keeping out of his own free will.

INDIAN LEADER**Charged In Calcutta**

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—A charge under the Defence of India Regulations was promulgated at Calcutta to-day against Subhas Chandra Bose, the well-known Congress Leftist leader, according to the Delhi radio.

Bose was arrested in Calcutta in July under the Defence of India Regulations. He is one of the most prominent of the younger generation of Indian politicians and as an ex-President of Congress, is an ex-officio member of the Congress Working Committee.

MORE TROOPS LANDED IN MALTA**Mediterranean Activity**

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH".

LONDON, Oct. 3 (UP).—The Admiralty officially states that the British Mediterranean fleet "carried out a sweep in Eastern and Central Mediterranean on September 29 and October 2, in the course of which additional forces were landed at Malta."

The communiqué added that the fleet reconnaissance planes sighted an Italian force 100 miles distant, but it was "already steaming towards its base at high speed. Therefore, it was not possible to bring the enemy into action."

It is declared the Italian planes attacked the British fleet three times during the sweep, but no British ships were damaged, while "losses were inflicted on the enemy."

They Kept Well Away

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—The sighting of a strong enemy naval force in the Mediterranean which could not be brought to action is reported by the Commander-in-Chief of the Mediterranean Fleet.

The report says that British naval forces carried out a sweep in the eastern and central Mediterranean on September 29 to October 2, in the course of which additional military forces were landed at Malta.

During this period, a strong enemy naval force was sighted by our reconnaissance aircraft. This enemy force was then 100 miles away from our fleet and was already steaming towards its base.

It was, therefore, not possible to bring the enemy to action.

Our fleet was attacked by enemy aircraft on three occasions during these operations. No damage was sustained by our ships in any of these attacks but losses were inflicted on the enemy.

Aircraft Brought Down

On the morning of September 29, an enemy aircraft was located shadowing our fleet. It was shot down by a fighter aircraft which later in the day shot down a second enemy aircraft.

Soon afterwards, heavy attacks developed, in the course of which one enemy aircraft was shot down by anti-aircraft fire.

A fourth enemy aircraft was shot down by the Fleet fighters on October 1.

U.S. Tanks For Britain

WINDSOR, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—Two dozen American tanks, the first instalment of 200 over-age tanks being supplied to Britain, have crossed the border into Canada.

Russia Won't Commit Herself To Japan

MOSCOW, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—The Soviets have not announced their willingness to enter a Non-Aggression Pact with Japan on condition that China influence.

This was the conclusion of an interview with M. Molotov, Soviet Foreign Minister, yesterday. He said that the Chinese had indicated that they did not want to be involved in the conflict between Japan and Russia.

Chamberlain Resigns Leadership Of Conservatives To Churchill

LONDON, Oct. 3 (REUTER).—MR. NEVILLE CHAMBERLAIN HAS RESIGNED THE LEADERSHIP OF THE CONSERVATIVE PARTY.

IT IS A FOREGONE CONCLUSION THAT MR. CHURCHILL WILL SUCCEED.

IT IS UNDERSTOOD THAT SIR JOHN ANDERSON, AS LORD PRESIDENT OF THE COUNCIL, WILL TAKE OVER ALL THE DUTIES PERFORMED BY MR. NEVILLE CHAMBERLAIN.

One of the most important of these duties is steering the committee which places questions in their order of importance on the agenda of the War Cabinet.

An announcement will be made to-morrow regarding the leadership of the House of Lords which has become vacant on the appointment of Lord Caldecote as Lord Chief Justice.

The Deputy Leader of the House of Lords is Lord Snell (Labour).

Fighting Services Unchanged

Although sweeping changes are involved in the big Cabinet reconstruction announced to-day, the leadership of the three fighting services remains unaltered—an implied indication of the satisfaction which Mr. Winston Churchill feels at the way the war effort is being pushed forward.

In the enlarged War Cabinet, increased from six to eight by the inclusion of Mr. Ernest Bevin and Sir Kingsley Wood, Conservatives now outnumber the Labour members by five to three and there is still no place for the Liberals.

There is now no reason to expect any more government changes in the near future.

The average age of the new War Cabinet is 60½ years, Mr. Churchill at 65 being the oldest and Mr. Bevin at 50 the youngest.

Lord Halifax: New Duties

Lord Halifax, the Foreign Secretary, will be leader of the House of Lords in place of Lord Caldecote.

He will be assisted in his duties, it is announced from Downing Street to-night, by Lord Snell who will succeed as Deputy Leader of the House of Lords.

ANOTHER BRITON DISAPPEARS

BUCHAREST, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—Another British subject has been kidnapped.

Mr. Percy Clark, the 60-year-old head of a British engineering firm at Ploesti, was taken from his room in a Bucharest hotel by three youths in civilian clothes, who forced him to accompany them to an unknown destination.

Miller Mystery

BUCHAREST, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—A further note regarding the unexplained detention of five British subjects was lodged by the British Minister in Bucharest, Sir Reginald Hoare, this evening.

The note demands information as to whom the arrested persons will be released, or alternatively, the exact nature of the charges against them and when it is proposed that they be tried.

Both Police and the Iron Guard continue to deny knowledge of the arrest of Miller, administrator of the Astra Romana Oil Company.

Australian Meats For Britain**Another Contract Made**

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—Renewal of the contract between the Ministry of Food and the Australian authorities for the supply of meat to Britain is on the verge of signature, "Reuter" understands.

The present contract, which expired at the end of September, assured the import of 260,000 tons of meat of all kinds, but owing to pressure on British storage capacity and the presence of more than adequate supplies here, rather less than that amount was actually shipped.

It is believed that final details regarding the exact amount under the new contract are not decided but it is expected that it will be about 250,000 tons of beef, mutton and pork.

The general price level is said to be much the same as in last year's contract with a few minor adjustments, mostly in a downward direction.

Aaland Is. Pact Signed

HELSINKI, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—The U.S.S.R. and Finland have signed a treaty concerning the demilitarisation of the Aaland Islands in the Gulf of Bothnia.

Provided, as M. Molotov stated, that

LEAFLET "RAID" BY CHINESE ON PEIPING

CHENGDU, Oct. 4 (Central).—Chinese planes made a surprise "raid" over Peiping yesterday. Instead of bombs, they dropped 200,000 leaflets as they did in Tokyo and elsewhere in Japan on May 20, 1938.

The leaflets were the manifesto issued by Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek to the Chinese people on July 7, anniversary of the Lukouchiao Incident, and to the Chinese civilians and troops as well as the Japanese people on September 18, anniversary of the Mukden Incident.

This was the first time that Chinese aircraft had flown over Peiping since the Sino-Japanese hostilities started. Flying from an undisclosed base, the machines reached Peiping at 9.20 a.m. After distributing the leaflets, they circled over the city several times before they safely departed.

It is believed that the visit of the Chinese aircraft had the effect of bolstering the morale of the Chinese in the city.

Dictators To Meet Again

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH".

BERLIN, Oct. 3 (UP).—It is reliably stated that Hitler will meet Mussolini at Brenner Pass to-morrow.

It is understood that Herr von Ribbentrop left Berlin by train at 6 p.m. for an unknown destination but it is assumed he went to Brenner.

Mussolini On Way

ROME, Oct. 3 (UP).—An unconfirmed report says that Mussolini is already enroute to Brenner Pass to meet Hitler.

It is understood the discussions will include article 5 of the tripartite pact by which the door is left open regarding the axis relations with Russia, and it is even suggested that M. Molotov, the Russian Foreign Minister, might be a party to such a meeting.

More Donations For Spitfires

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—Contributions to "Spitfire Funds" continue to flow in. Among the latest contributions is £34,000 from the Nawab of Bhopal, being equivalent to the cost of a whole flight of Spitfires.

THE note demands information as to whom the arrested persons will be released, or alternatively, the exact nature of the charges against them and when it is proposed that they be tried.

Both Police and the Iron Guard continue to deny knowledge of the arrest of Miller, administrator of the Astra Romana Oil Company.

HOMELESS POLES

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—Over 15,000 people have been driven from Warsaw in the past three weeks, it was learned in London to-day. These unhappy people were not allowed to say good-bye to relatives or friends. Nothing is known of their fate.

London, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—Reuter learns that two Italian bombers damaged by gunfire during a raid on Hulva recently landed in Syria, each with a German pilot and four Italian crew. The British Consul-General at Beirut has sent a note to the French High Commissioner in Syria as it is the duty of the French authorities to intern both planes and crew.

Enemy Plane Lands In Syria

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German Plane Secrets Gained From Wrecks

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter).—German planes brought down in Britain range from total wrecks to machines practically undamaged in forced landings. An examination of them shows every phase of German aircraft development.

In one depot in south-east England, smashed-up planes are piled up nearly as high as a house. Near them are fighters and bombers in perfect condition.

Every device, every part and every inch of these machines has been examined by experts, who have taken them up into the air and know the exact performance of Messerschmitts, Dorniers, Heinkels and Junkers.

Generally speaking, the German machines brought down are made of good material and well built. They have certain weaknesses, but British experts naturally do not reveal these. Germans are not so good at design, but they are good at production.

Most of the standard machines are standard but some of the planes have



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WHATEVER your skin trouble or injury smear on Zam-Buk. This is the surest way to heal up sore places and check poison and disease. The valuable herbal oils in Zam-Buk are absorbed into the tissue, soothoing pain, reducing swelling and drying up unpleasant discharge. Zam-Buk nourishes the skin and heals without a scar. For cuts, burns, eczema, itch, ulcers, ringworm and piles there's nothing to equal Zam-Buk.

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(Readers are invited to send in suggestions
to fill this space.)



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Keep the finish looking like new by polishing or waxing—clean the windows and polish the chromium. These are all important steps towards the beauty of your car.

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The
Hongkong Telegraph.

Friday, Oct. 4, 1940.

Wyndham St., Hongkong

Telephone: 26815

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THREAT OR BLUFF?

THE "Asahi Shimbun," whose influence in Japan is akin to that of the "Times" in England, and whose opinions can therefore reasonably be taken as expressing the official view, has seen fit to come into the open and offer an unequivocal challenge to Britain and the United States. "It," says the paper, "the United States and Britain should ban exports of oil, rubber and tin to Japan, the latter would choose an all-or-nothing struggle rather than a waiting death." Making due allowance for editorial rhetoric, the comment may be accepted as the sentiment of the Tokyo Government. Recognizing too that the "Asahi Shimbun" is anticipating events, for as yet neither the United States nor Britain has officially proposed an embargo on oil, rubber or tin, it is reasonable to believe that the newspaper is not introducing a hypothetical proposition for the sake of filling its editorial columns; which suggests that the observation quoted is to be taken seriously both in Japan and in other parts of the world.

Nevertheless, Japan has bluffed her way against the democracies so successfully for the last nine years, that we cannot help feeling this newspaper "threat" is but another example of her poker technique. Equally do we feel confident that if a situation should arise such as envisaged by the "Asahi Shimbun," neither Britain nor the United States would hesitate this time to call Japan's bluff.

The first hand of this new poker game will probably be dealt on October 16, when President Roosevelt's embargo on scrap iron and other war materials comes into effect. It should provide an excellent pointer to the rest of the session, especially as the second hand is due to be dealt the following day, when the Burma Road agreement expires.

Opponents of America should take cognizance of the fact that poker is practically a national game in the United States, and it would be

BRITAIN'S C.-in-C.

LONDON, Oct. 1 (UPI)—Lieutenant General Sir Alan F. Brooke, K.C.B., D.S.O., who on July 19, 1940 became Commander-in-Chief of the British Home Forces, took on one of the biggest jobs any military man was ever asked to accomplish at top speed.

London newspapers, always eager to find a nickname for their military heroes, promptly dubbed him "The Wizard," because of his reputation as a gunnery and mechanization expert. The task he took over from General Sir Edmund Ironside, was one which demanded many of a wizard's attributes.

General Brooke took over an armed land force of 1,000,000 men, which at the time was increasing by 7,000 daily. In addition, he assumed ultimate command of 1,300,000 Home Guards, world war veterans, over-age civilians or men in reserved occupations, mobilized and equipped to guard against "fifth column" surprises or the attack of Nazi air-borne troops.

The Army needed large-scale equipment. The nucleus men from the B.E.F. some of whom had been under his personal command in the Flanders campaign, were again at full strength and completely armed. Factories were pouring out new weapons for the other divisions. The problem of distributing both arms and men where they would do the most good was one of the biggest which confronted the new commander-in-chief.

Tactically, General Brooke's job began in theory with the coastline, which must be defended in depth from the first position on the beaches and cliffs through a complicated system of rear lines and strong points. Actually, as one phase of a definite against "total war" waged in three elements, it was necessary to integrate the Army schedule with that of the R.A.F. and Navy.

Strategically, General Brooke's job

began in theory with the coastline, which must be defended in depth from the first position on the beaches and cliffs through a complicated system of rear lines and strong points. Actually, as one phase of a definite against "total war" waged in three elements, it was necessary to integrate the Army schedule with that of the R.A.F. and Navy.

Irish Problem

The problem was greatly complicated by the Irish political situation, which forbade any "defence union" of north and south to enable the British forces to prepare their positions. Brooke and the High Command were faced with the constant possibility of meeting the German vanguard on a terrain where they had no advantages of detailedly planned defence.

What above everything else got him his new appointment was his knowledge of gunnery, his reputation as the army's leading authority on tanks, and the fact that he had been preaching the modern war of movement at a time when, as one commentator said, "most other officers were inclined to think in terms of the horse."

Brilliant at Dunkirk

Sir Alan was born in France, July 23, 1883, member of a North Irish family known as the "fighting Brookes." He entered the Army in 1902, as a gunner officer. During the World War, in which he had four years' artillery staff service, was mentioned six times in dispatches, and received the D.S.O., with bar.

His wide military experience included service in Ireland and India. He was well-known in the Army for his efficiency as Commander of the School of Artillery, and is credited with one big contribution to gunnery, the "barrage map" which during the last war came into common use for direction of fire.

As commander of the Second Corps in France, he took part in the ill-starred advance into the low countries in May, 1940. When the German break-through at Sedan and the collapse of Belgian resistance put the whole B.E.F. in jeopardy, Brooke played a major part in the rearguard action to the Dunkirk beaches. His entire corps, in the opinion of other British officers, fought brilliantly.

Sir Alan spent several days himself on the Dunkirk beaches, while the evacuation was miraculously succeeding under intense air and artillery bombardment. Returning to England, he was received by the King, to whom he gave a first-hand account of the fighting. He was knighted for his own part in the campaign.

The less discreet of the German hot-gospeleers are frank enough in



THE CHANGELING

Hitler's "plan" for Europe

A WARNING

BY

W. N. EVER

Diplomatic Correspondent

as unsavable or not worth saving at such a price, and to withdraw, once for all, into isolation.

It is cunning enough. It seems quite probable that (whether the German strategy is to be a desperate invasion or a war of attrition and nerves by sea and air) we are going to be faced by a kind of permanent peace offensive.

The theme will be continually: "Britain can have peace without sacrifice if she will just agree to leave Europe to work out its own destiny."

For American consumption the thesis can be suitably dressed in the attractive guise of a "Monroe doctrine for Europe."

HIS OLD DODGE

It is the old familiar Hitler dodge. "Just give me this, and I shall be satisfied, and we can all be friends, and you can have lasting peace."

Appetite had grown indeed. Once all he professed to want was the Rhineland and a "new Locarno." Now it is all Europe and a "Monroe doctrine."

Italian propagandists, remembering uneasily that Charlemagne was crowned Emperor of the Romans by the Pope in St. Peter's, play down this aspect of "reconstruction" and find comfort in the thought that "Adolf Hitler is carrying out the ideas of Benito Mussolini."

Gobbel's French fuglemen are miserably silent about Charlemagne and all that.

But they all unite in plugging the theme that the first step to European union and peace, and everything else, is to put an end to "British interference in Europe."

PEACE AT A PRICE

It is the source of all trouble. Britain must be forced to get out of Europe but to stay out.

She may "content herself with her own ramshackle Empire."

She must leave Europe and European reconstruction alone, to be carried out by the European States under Germany's supervision.

This is now repeated again and again—it is the Fuehrer's purpose in the "last phase of the war."

Britain is to be attacked by land and sea and air until battered or exhausted or weary, tired of war and despairing of victory, she agrees to acknowledge that Hitler is master of the Continent, to leave the European peoples to their fate.

MADMAN'S DREAM

But once all was quiet again in the West he could turn his attention Eastward. Indeed, he must, for the Balkans and if possible the Ukraine and the Caucasus are essential economically to his European plan.

That hatred of Russia which fills pages of "Mein Kampf" is still there, smugly concealed for the time being.

There are odd hints here and there in this new propaganda that there are other "outliers" than the British to be "chased out of Europe."

In short, Hitler hopes that as Russia has stood by while he overran the West, we shall stand by the next blow he will strike.

It might well be not against us, but against Russia. To play West against East and East against West has always been Hitler's strategy.

He plays up to Stalin in these days, because he wants Russia to stand by while he is busy in the West.

ANTARCTIC'S OIL, COAL TREASURES

By OTTO JANSEN

UNITED PRESS STAFF CORRESPONDENT

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1 (UPI)—Down at the "bottom of the world" in the vast, mysterious Antarctic Continent lies a huge treasure in coal and other minerals, awaiting the day when man's ingenuity or necessity will lead him to exploit it, experts here say.

Members of the United States Antarctic Expedition, who are exploring parts of the continent's 5,000,000 square miles, believe such values as petroleum, pitchblende, gold and numerous other minerals lie beneath the ice and snow of the great land mass.

Evidence of huge coal deposits—probably sufficient to supply man's needs for many decades—already has been found somewhere near the South Pole. Even if it were physically possible, exploitation would be out of the question now, because of the great expense involved—but someday such may not be the case, they say.

The discovery of coal, among other things, convinced explorers that Antarctic was at one time tropical or semi-tropical. Hence, they say, it is reasonable to expect that all resources of a hot climate may lie hidden here.

But the continent has been too covered for many thousands of years and for this reason scientists find the Antarctic of tremendous interest scientifically. They say that unique conditions, as given below, what the continent is composed of, Canada and

States was like in the glacial period.

Antarctic is also of great practical importance for the scientist. It is the "cradle" of weather for the entire Southern Hemisphere. Argentina recognized the importance of this many years ago and has a meteorological station at Laurie Island which has been making accurate long-range weather predictions for the benefit of her huge agricultural industry.

"Red" Admiral Richard E. Byrd, commander of the United States expedition, took two Argentine officers—Lieutenant Julio R. Roch and Lieutenant Emilio L. Diaz—to the Antarctic regions. Two Chilean officers—Lieutenants Frederico A. Bohor and Ezequiel J. Rodriguez—also accompanied him.

The Antarctic has many mysteries which scientists are seeking to solve. Explorers call the continent the biggest question mark on the globe.

For example, exactly what are the spectacular Southern Lights and how bad mistake to underrate either her or Britain as an opponent.

In short, we believe that the days when Japan could bluster and threaten her way through to diplomatic and material success is about to end. That is why if the "Asahi Shimbun" challenge is a serious one, we may expect that we are in for a

bad mistake to underrate either her or Britain as an opponent.

Explorers call the continent the biggest question mark on the globe.

NANCY



Page Of Hongkong Court And General News

Amazing Variety Of Bank Notes

Possession of Forged Currency Charges Chinese Couple

The possession of a large amount of forged Hongkong, Chinese and foreign currency, was alleged against a man and a woman, charged before Mr. H. G. Sheldon, K.C., at the Central Magistracy this morning.

Defendants were Ip Fook, 59, described as an ex-official of the Chinese Government and a native of Canton, and Lam King, 35, described as a concierge. Ip's address was given as 17 Wanchai Road, second floor, and Lam's as 3 Canal Road East, third floor.

They were jointly charged with the possession of 224 Central Bank of China 5-Yuan notes, 150 Kwangtung Provincial Bank \$5 notes, 350 Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China \$10 notes, 75 Canton Municipal Bank \$5 notes, 110 Government of Straits Settlements \$5 notes, 69 Javasche Bank 25-Guilder notes, 10 Repubblica Mexicana 10-Peso notes, two United States of America \$20 notes, two Javasche Bank 50-Guilder notes, 129 Banque de L'Indo-Chine 5-Piastre notes, one Banque de L'Indo-Chine 1-Piastre note, one Banco Americano Guatemalteco 1-Peso note, 41 Thailand 5-Tical notes, and 789 Central Bank

MACAO GARRISON

About 180 Portuguese negro troops from Timor in the Dutch East Indies arrived at Hongkong on board a Dutch steamer this morning bound for Macao.

The troops who transhipped to-day were accompanied by Lieut. J. Ramalho Dos Santos.

FR. GRANELLI'S CAR Reported Stolen

Father Granelly, Rector of St. Teresa's Church, Kowloon Tong, has reported the loss of his Austin Seven motor car, No. 901, which was stolen from outside the new St. Teresa's Hospital in Prince Edward Road on Thursday.

Gun Club Hill

A tablecloth valued at \$10 was stolen from the billiard room at Gun Club Hill between midnight on Wednesday and 8 a.m. on Thursday.

While driving his car in Fuk Chuen Street yesterday, Mr. C. M. Larsen knocked down a four-year-old Chinese boy, who ran across the road in front of the vehicle. The boy, according to Mr. Larsen's report, jerked himself up immediately after, and ran away, apparently uninjured.

According to the complainant, Mr. I. J. Vacclano, of U.S. Asheville, he was riding in a ricksha, pulled by the appellant, along Lockhart Road towards the London Cafe when it was suddenly upset. At that time there was a typhoon blowing and when Vacclano was on his back, several hands came through the blinds feeling for his pockets. He grabbed the hand in his pocket but the person managed to break away. Vacclano gave chase and after running about five feet caught hold of the man, who turned out to be the appellant.

Mr. Alfred S. K. Lau appeared for both accused.

Inspector F. T. J. Portallion asked for a formal remand until Monday, which was granted.

Two Appeals Decided At Supreme Court To-Day

A RICKSHA-PULLER AND A FIREMAN OF THE FIRE BRIGADE FIGURED IN TWO APPEALS AGAINST CONVICTION BEFORE THE CHIEF JUSTICE, SIR ATHOLL MACGREGOR, AT THE APPEAL COURT THIS MORNING.

The ricksha-puller was Chan n' Mei and he appealed against conviction for attempted larceny from the person of an American sailor, which resulted in four months' hard labour by Mr. H. G. Sheldon, K.C., Senior Magistrate.

Appearing for Chan, Mr. H. C. Macnamara, who was instructed by Messrs. Woo and Woo, said that the ground for the appeal was that the finding of the Magistrate was not supported by the evidence, which was equally consistent with guilt as with innocence.

According to the complainant, Mr. I. J. Vacclano, of U.S. Asheville, he was riding in a ricksha, pulled by the appellant, along Lockhart Road towards the London Cafe when it was suddenly upset. At that time there was a typhoon blowing and when Vacclano was on his back, several hands came through the blinds feeling for his pockets. He grabbed the hand in his pocket but the person managed to break away.

Vacclano gave chase and after running about five feet caught hold of the man, who turned out to be the appellant.

Appearing for Chan, Mr. H. C. Macnamara, submitted that some time must have elapsed before Vacclano got on his feet and gave chase, and it might well be that during the interval the real culprit had made good his escape. Vacclano had said he was certain appellant was the man yet he gave no reason for it, and Counsel suggested it was probable he formed too rapid an idea that the first man he grabbed was the one who had attempted to rob him.

Crowded Street

The appellant, went on Mr. Macnamara, denied the accusation throughout and his story should be believed in view of the fact that the street was quite crowded at the time and that more than two hands felt for Vacclano's pockets. It was possible that some passers-by, on seeing the ricksha overturned, might have attempted to commit the theft, and if there was that possibility the appellant must be given the benefit of the doubt.

Mr. J. P. Murphy, Assistant Crown Solicitor, who appeared for the Crown, submitted there was sufficient evidence to warrant the conviction because Vacclano had stated he was definite the appellant was the man who had attempted to rob him.

His Lordship observed that whilst the good faith of Vacclano was not challenged, it seemed that all he actually saw were the hands that felt his pockets. Undoubtedly there was more than one person, and the difficulty was that there was nothing to identify the hands.

Mr. Murphy: The Magistrate was in the best position to test that.

Uncertain Identification

His Lordship: That is the difficulty. The Magistrate saw and heard the parties, and he is one with very great experience. But on the notes I have great difficulty in coming to the conclusion that the identification had that degree of certainty that British justice required. The presence of the appellant was easily explained because he was the puller of the ricksha, and there was no doubt that there were several people in the street at the time. Under the circumstances I have come to the conclusion, though with some diffidence, that the appeal must succeed because there was not that degree of certainty demanded by British justice.

Impersonated Police

The other appellant was Au Ng, who was fined \$150 with the alternative of two months' hard labour by Mr. Sheldon on a charge of impersonating a police officer at Gresson Street.

Mr. M. A. da Silva, for the appellant, said that the evidence for the prosecution was given by a father, mother and daughter. The

Magistrate

ruled that the evidence was

insufficient to sustain the charge.

Mr. Sheldon

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HONGKONG TELEGRAPH

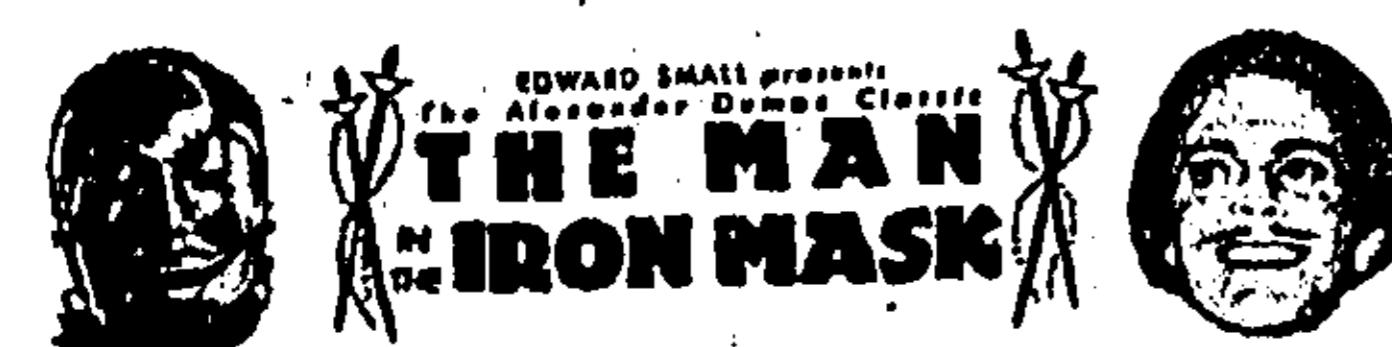
October 4, 1940



NEXT CHANCE George RAFT - Joan BENNETT in
Released Thru "The HOUSE ACROSS the BAY".
United Artists

STAR THEATRE
HANKOW RD. KOWLOON, DAILY AT 2:30-5:20-7:20-9:20 TEL 57795

• TO-DAY ONLY •



* TO-MORROW : RONALD COLMAN
"THE PRISONER OF ZENDA"

MAJESTIC
NATHAN ROAD
KOWLOON
TEL 57222
(MATINEES 20c. 30c. EVENINGS 20c. 30c. 50c. 70c.)

• FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY •
A RIOTOUS, EXCITING, FREE-FOR-ALL ENTERTAINMENT!



• COMMENCING TO-MORROW •
COLOURFUL! STIRRING! IN TECHNICOLOUR!

"SWANEE RIVER"
DON AMECHE - ANDREA LEADS - AL JOLSON
A 20th Century Fox Picture

Exchange At A Glance

	BELLING
T.T. London	1/31%
Demand London	1/31%
T.T. Shanghai	53%
T.T. Singapore	53%
T.T. Japan	10%
T.T. India	33 1/2%
T.T. U.S.A.	23
T.T. Manila	40
T.T. Batavia	40
T.T. Bangkok	140%
T.T. Saigon	100
T.T. France	None
T.T. Switzerland	98 1/2%
T.T. Australia	1/6%
4 m/s L/C London	1/8 1/2%
4 m/s D/P London	1/8 1/2%
4 m/s L/C U.S.A.	24
4 m/s France	None
30 d/s India	84%
U.S. Cross rate in London	4.02%
U.S. Cross rate in N.Y.	4.03 1/2%

	BUYING
4 m/s L/C London	1/8 1/2%
4 m/s D/P London	1/8 1/2%
4 m/s L/C U.S.A.	24
4 m/s France	None
30 d/s India	84%
U.S. Cross rate in London	4.02%
U.S. Cross rate in N.Y.	4.03 1/2%

HELPING WAR FUNDS

Shanghai, Hankow
Send More To Britain

SHANGHAI, Oct. 3.—The Shanghai Voluntary War Contribution Fund has telegraphed a further £10,000 to London as a contribution towards the British effort. The sum will be used for the purchase of planes. The contribution is for September, the aim of the contributors being to send a similar amount each month.

The Voluntary War Contribution Fund at Hankow received £201 during September. This brings the total amount contributed to date to £1,400 and U.S.\$205.

Since the total British population of this town has been estimated at not more than 600, including women and children, this result may be regarded as reasonably satisfactory.

Of the anonymous contributions in September, it is interesting to note that one was signed "Verdun" and another "Alsace-Lorraine."—Reuters.

STOCK MARKET REPORT

Hongkong Stock Exchange Official Summary issued yesterday says:

Buyers absorbed offerings at lower rates with the market closing uncer-

tainly.

Buyers
Providents \$4.20
Trams \$15.65
Yaumati Ferrics \$22.50
Electrics (New) \$37.50
Telephones (Old) \$22.50
Sellers
Providents \$4.40
Hotels \$3.50
Trams \$16
Telephones (New) \$10
Cements \$16
Vibro Piling \$8
Sales
Providents \$4.30/35
Lands \$30.85
Yaumati Ferrics \$22.75
China Lights (New) \$6.00
Electrics (Old) \$37.25
Telephones (Old) \$23
Cements \$15.50
Ropes \$5.80

LATE NEWS

Police Officer Committed

Sergeant Charles Blackburn of the Hongkong Police Force was this afternoon committed for trial at the next session charged with the manslaughter of Police Constable Wong Yau-shi.

FOR TO-MORROW
UNIVERSAL'S MIGHTY MILLION DOLLAR SUPER SHOW!

JOE E. BROWN

Super-salesman Alexander Botta, fresh from Wm. Hazlett Upson's famous Saturday Evening Post stories and done up Brown by the screen's most comical self-start

EARTHWORM TRACTORS

JUNE TRAVIS GUY KIBBEE

Out in the fields, Gene Lester and June Travis are the stars of this new comedy serial.

ALEXANDER BOTTA IN

JOE E. BROWN IN

EARTHWORM TRACTORS

JOE E. BROWN IN

EARTHWORM TRACTORS